

# Literature Report VIII

## Enantioselective Copper-Catalyzed Sequential Hydrosilylation of Arylmethylenecyclopropanes

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Reporter: Gao-Wei Wang

Checker: Qing-Xian Xie

Date: 2024-9-9

Fu, B.; Wang, L.; Chen, K.; Yuan, X.; Yin, J.; Wang, S.; Shi, D.; Zhu, B.; Guan, W.; Zhang, Q.; [Xiong, T.](#)

*Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2024**, e202407391

# CV of Prof. Tao Xiong (熊涛)

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## Background:

- ❑ 2001-2005 B.S., Northeast Normal University
  - ❑ 2005-2008 M.S., Northeast Normal University
  - ❑ 2008-2011 Ph.D., Northeast Normal University
  - ❑ 2011-2014 Lecturer, Northeast Normal University
  - ❑ 2012-2013 Postdoc., Colorado State University
  - ❑ 2014-Now Associate professor, Professor, Northeast Normal University
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## Research:

- ❑ Organic Synthetic Chemistry
  - ❑ Organometallic Chemistry
  - ❑ Asymmetric Catalysis
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**2** Copper-Catalyzed Sequential Hydrosilylation of Arylmethylenecyclopropanes

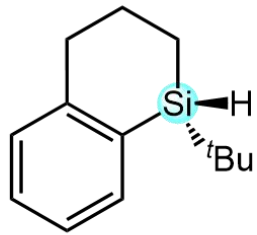
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**3** Summary

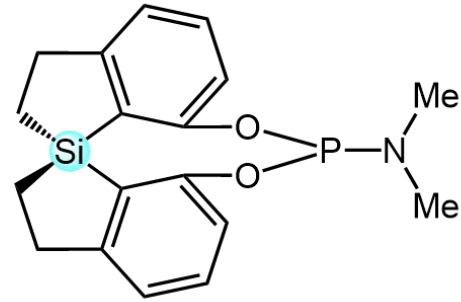
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# Introduction

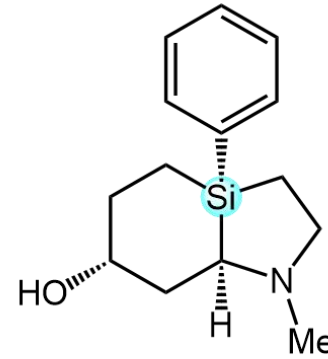
## Applications of Silacarbo-cycles



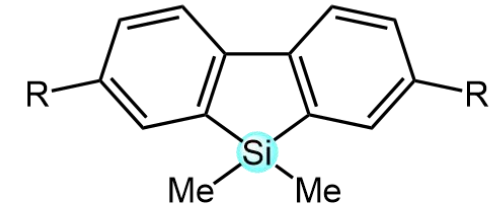
Chiral Reagent



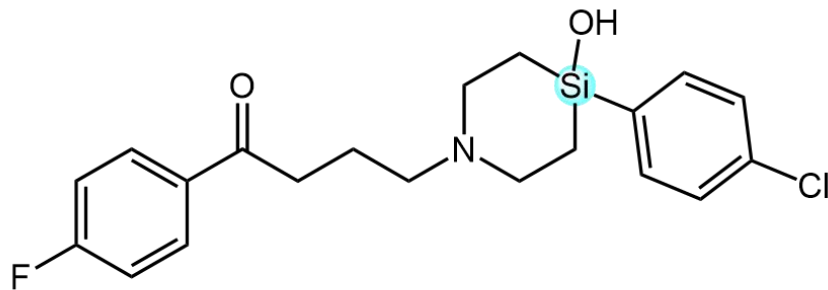
Chiral Ligand



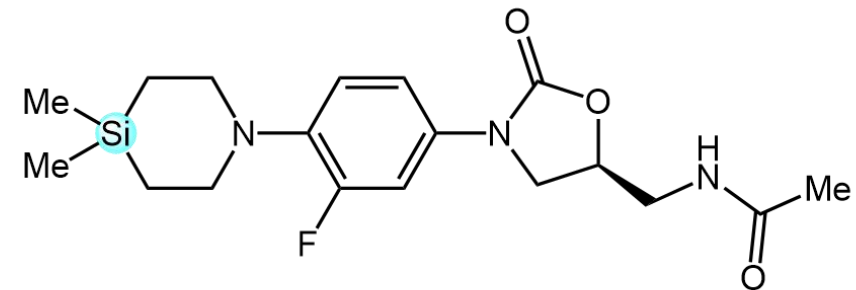
Potential Medicine  
(Antidepressant Activity)



Organic Optoelectronics



Silahaloperidol  
(Modification of Metabolic Pathway)

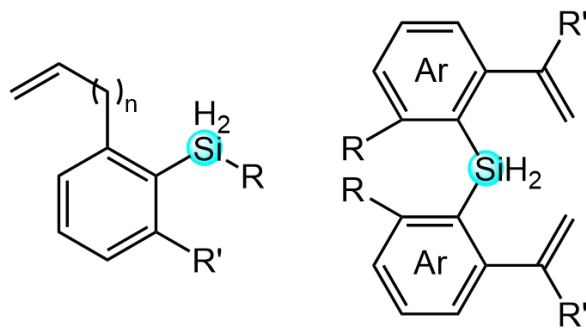


Silinezolid  
(Increase in Brain/Plasma Conc.)

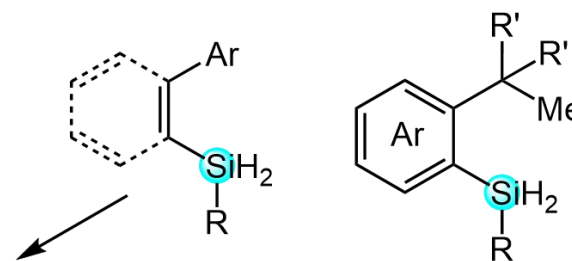
# Introduction

## Research Status of Silicon-Stereogenic Silacarbocycles

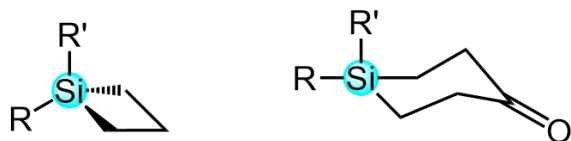
### a) Hydrosilylation of Dihydrosilanes



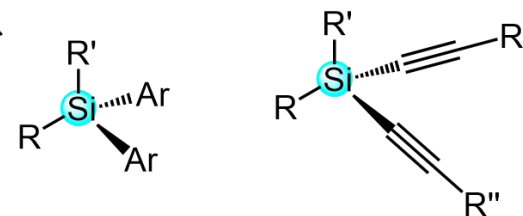
### b) Dehydrogenative Silylation



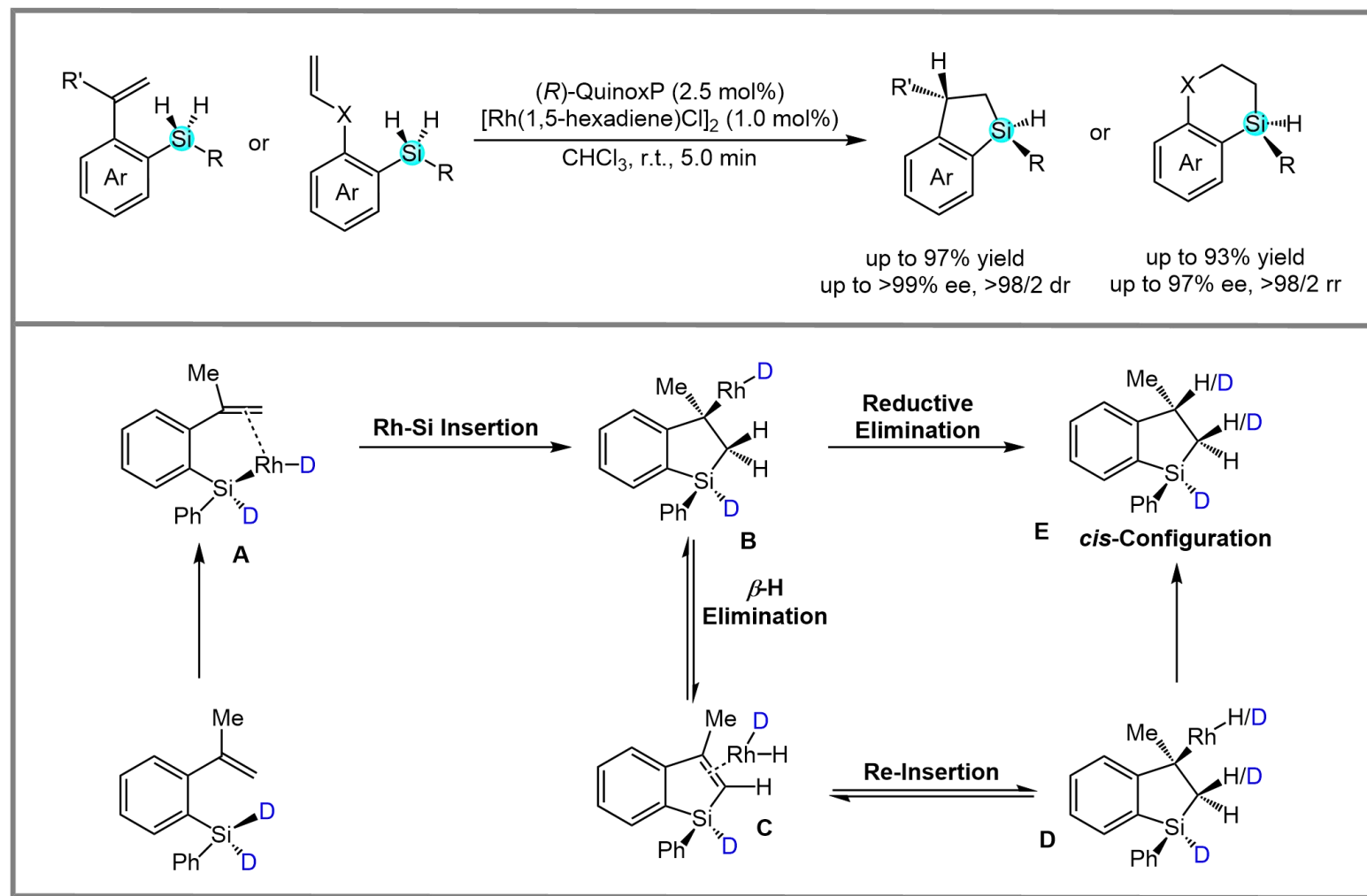
### c) Ring-Exoansion *via* Si-C or C-C Cleavage



### d) C-H Activation or Cycloaddition

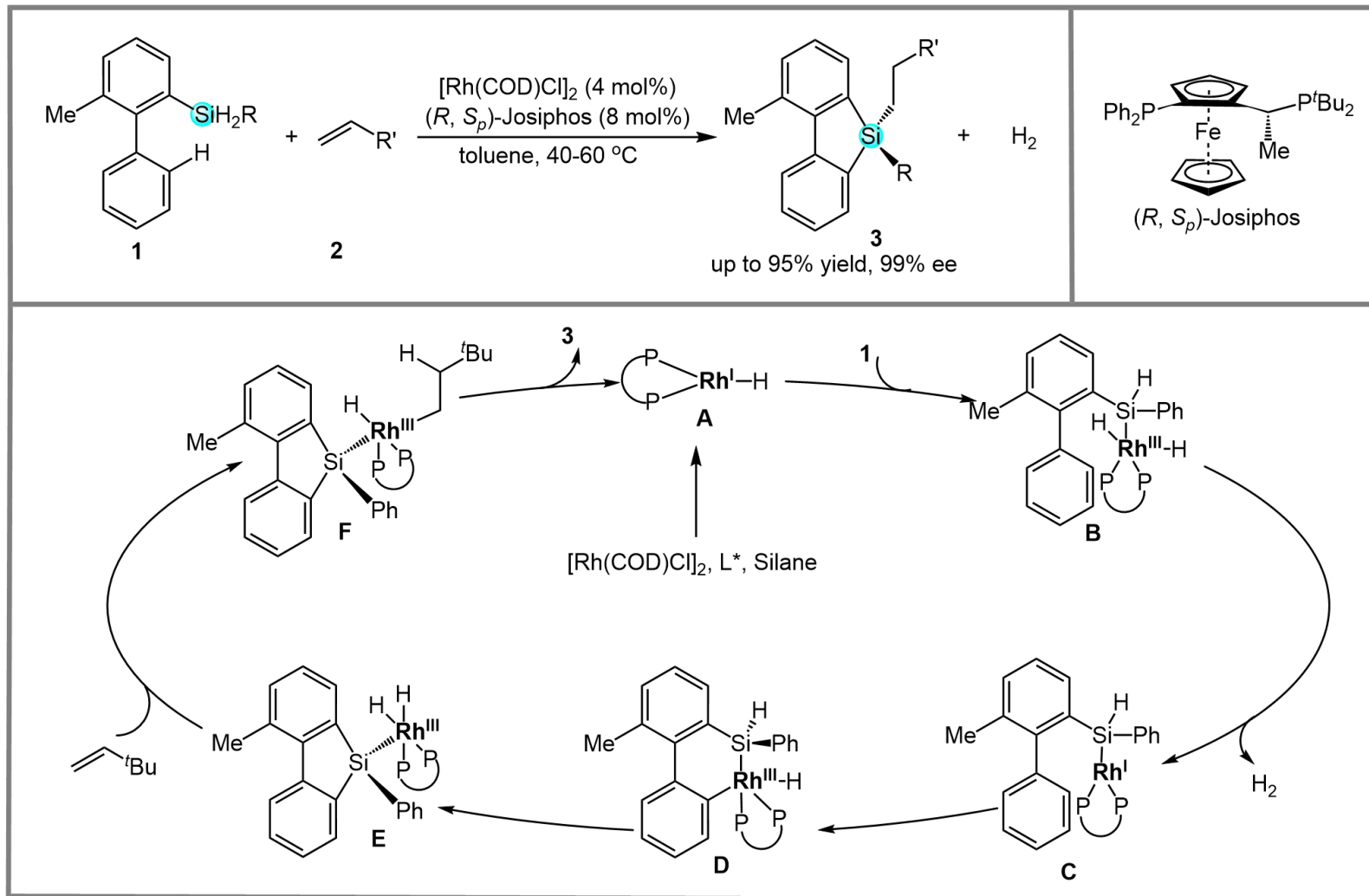


# Hydrosilylation of Dihydrosilanes



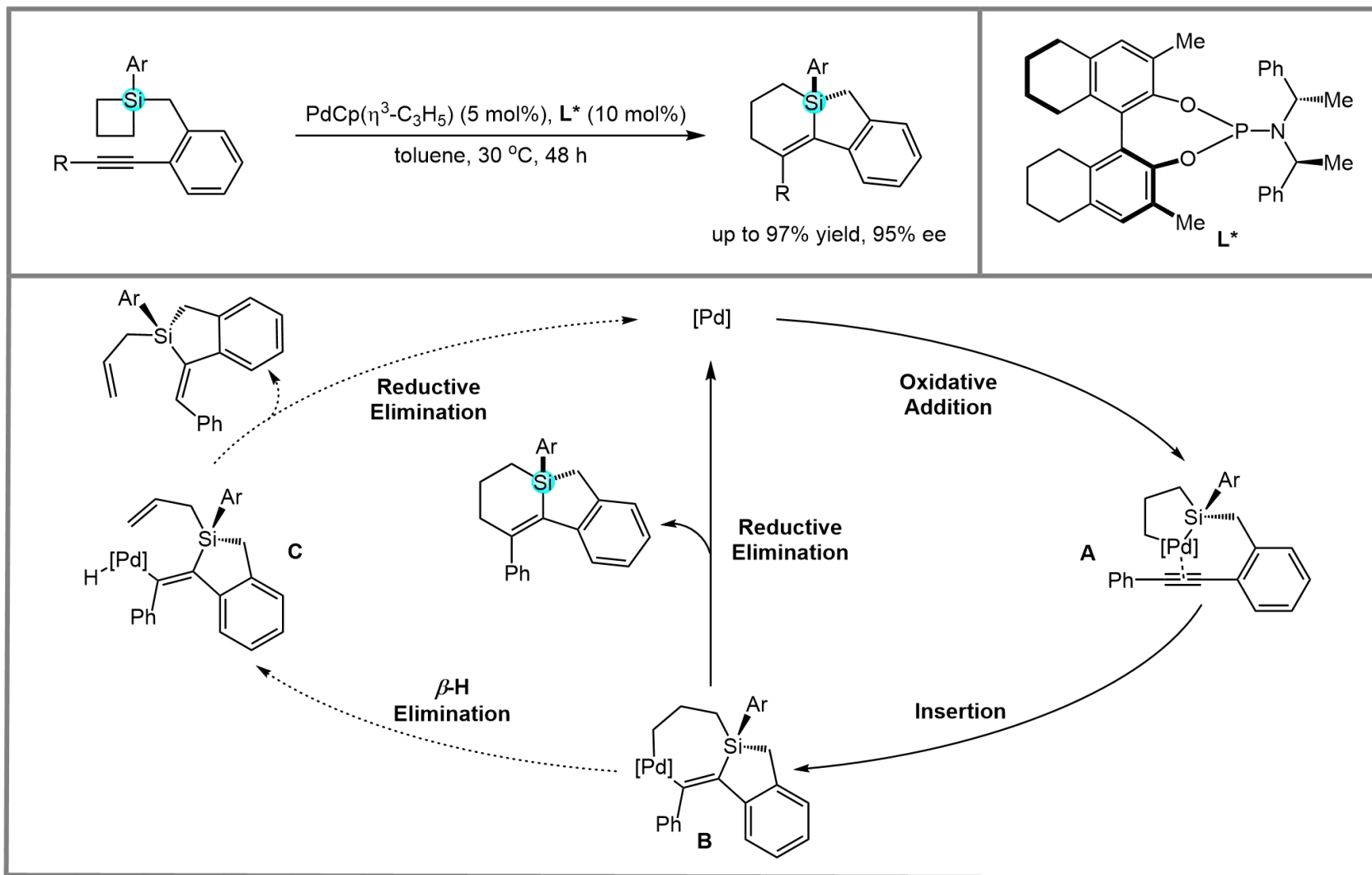
Huang, Y.-H.; Wu, Y.; Peng, Q.; Wang, P. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2022**, *61*, e202113052

# Dehydrogenative Silylation



Mu, D.; Yuan, W.; He, C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2020**, *142*, 13459–13468

# Ring-Expansion via Si-C or C-C Cleavage



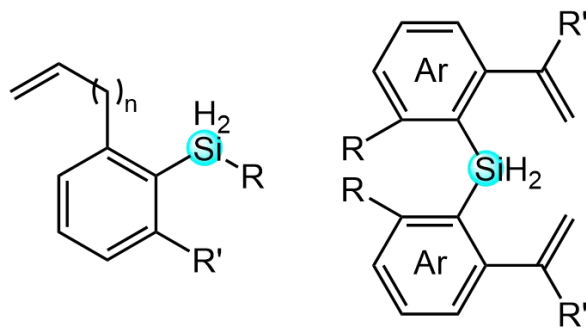
Shintani, R.; Moriya, K.; Hayashi, T. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 16440–16443



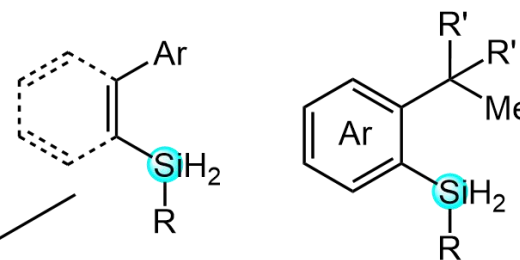
# Introduction

## Research Status of Silicon-Stereogenic Silacarbocycles

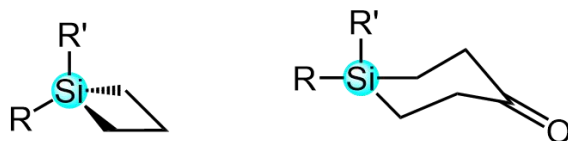
### a) Hydrosilylation of Dihydrosilanes



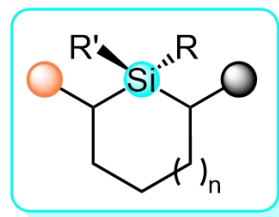
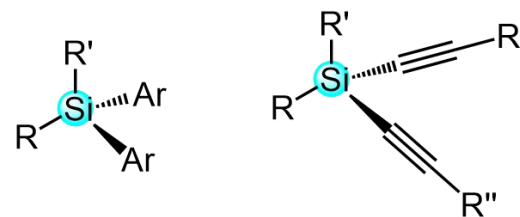
### b) Dehydrogenative Silylation



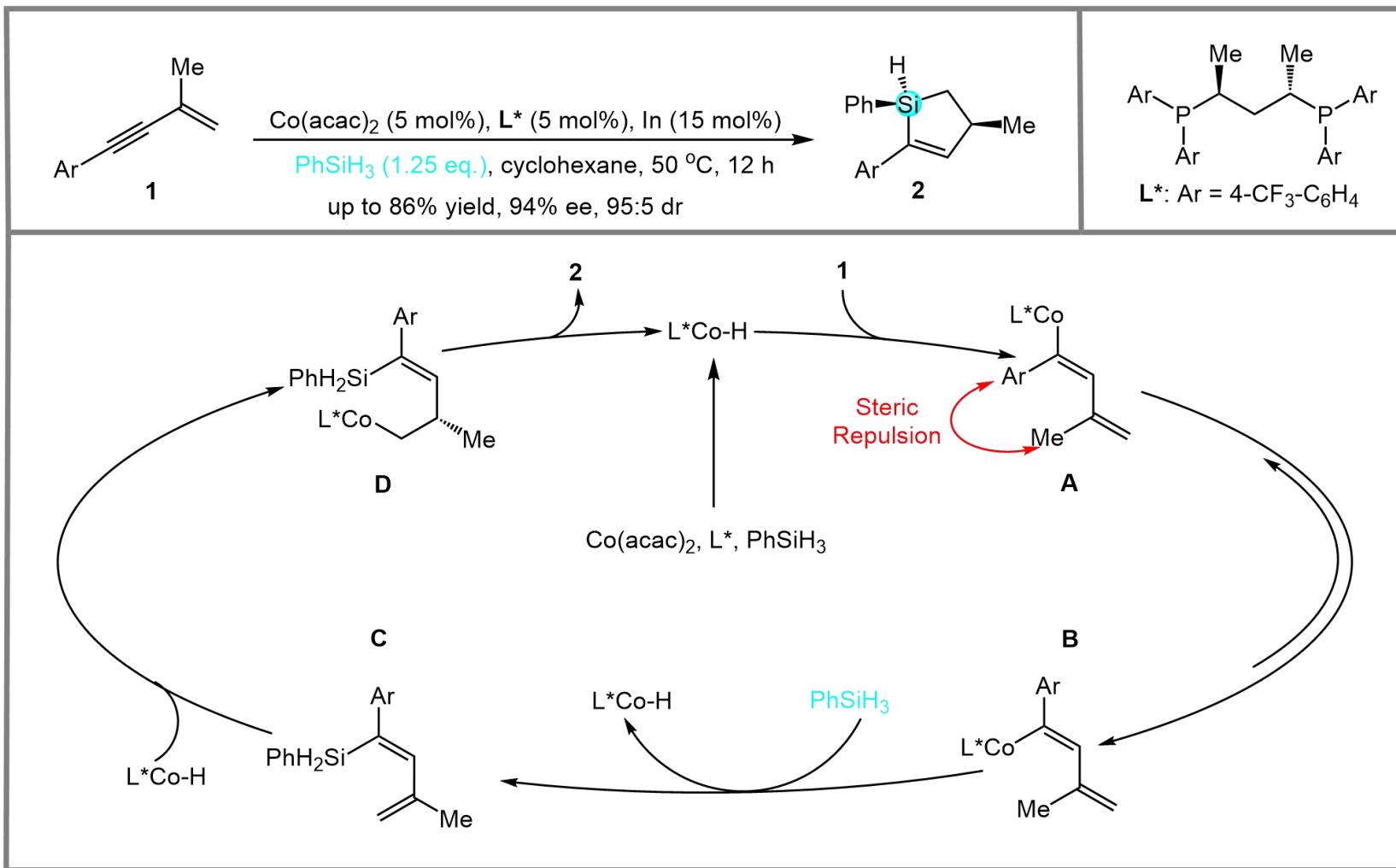
### c) Ring-Exoansion via Si-C or C-C Cleavage



### d) C-H Activation or Cycloaddition

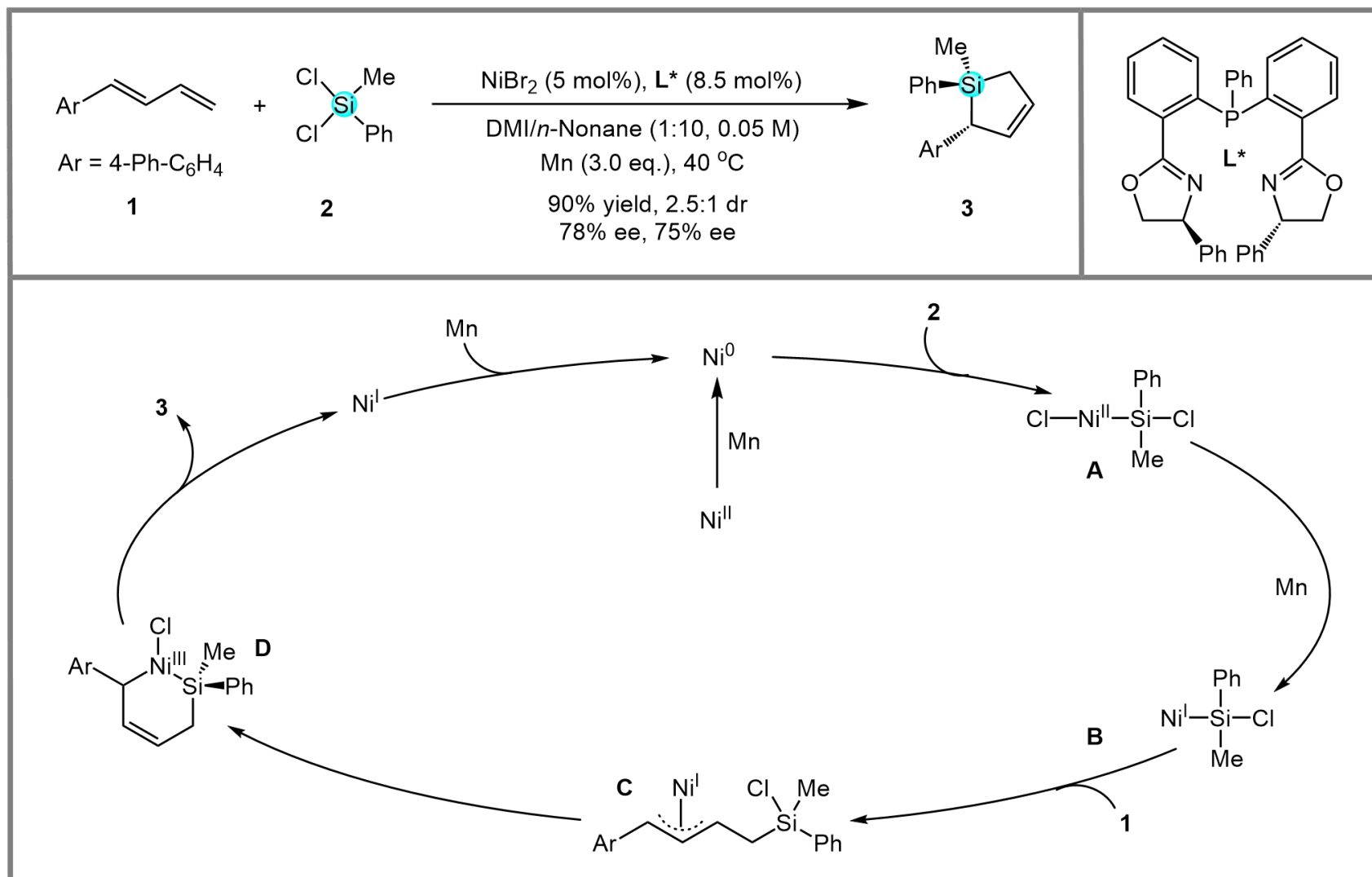


# Asymmetric Synthesis of Silacarbo-cycles with Sila-Synthons



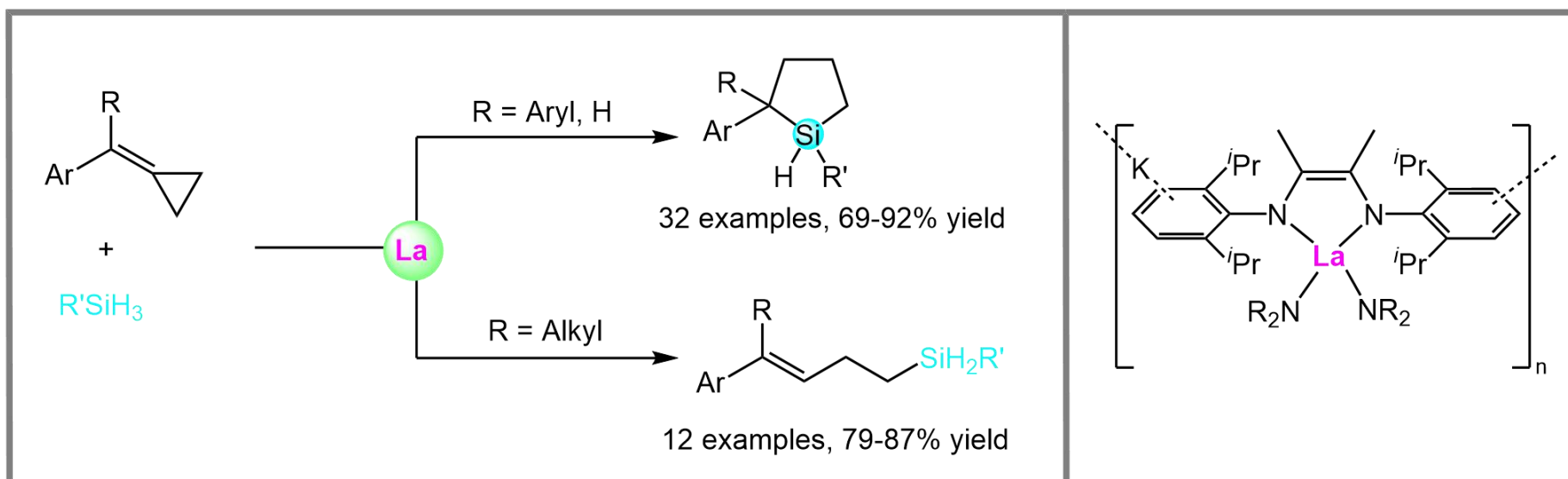
Lu, W.; Zhao, Y.; Meng, F. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2022**, *144*, 5233-5240

# Asymmetric Synthesis of Silacarboycles with Sila-Synthons



Qi, L.; Pan, Q.-Q.; [Shu, X.-Z.](#) *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2023**, *145*, 13008-13014

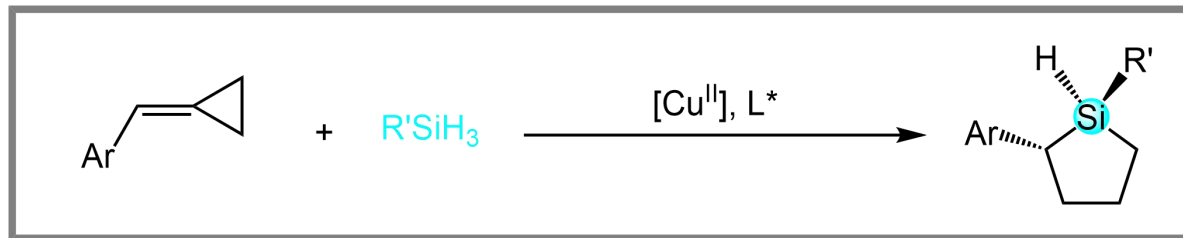
# La-Catalyzed Cascade Hydrosilylations of Aryl MCPs (*racemic*)



Xu, X.; Xu, X.; Cui, C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2024**, *146*, 4060–4067

# Project Synopsis

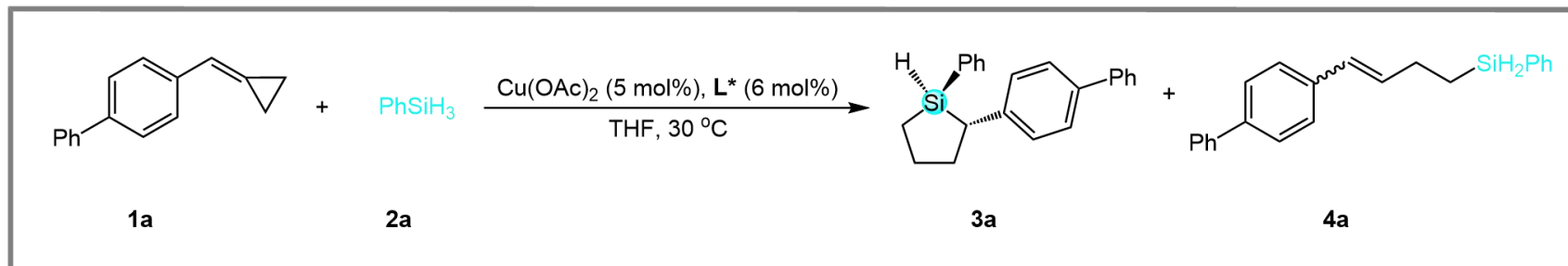
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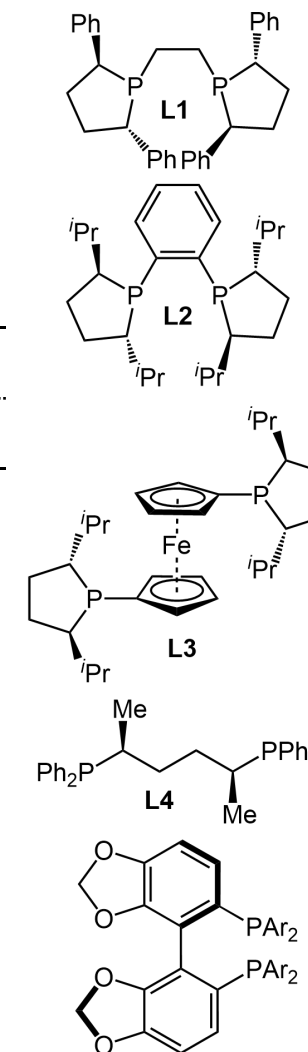
## Challenges:

- Prematurely terminating the reaction affording either (cyclopropyl)methylsilanes or homoallylsilanes;
- The requiring a high level of enantio- and diastereoselectivity control;
- Accurately controlling the number of the Si–H bonds involved in the desired reaction when multiple Si–H bonds exist in the silanes

# Optimization of Reaction Conditions



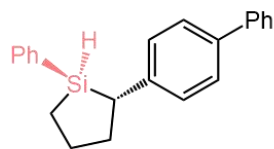
Entry	L	Solvent	3a			4a	
			Yield	ee	dr	yield	Z:E
1	L1	THF	83%	98%	5.6:1	12%	1:4.1
2	L2	THF	59%	92%	7.4:1	15%	1:1.1
3	L3	THF	trace	/	/	33%	1:3.1
4	L4	THF	trace	/	/	88%	1:9
5	L5	THF	trace	/	/	65%	1:10
<b>6</b>	<b>L6</b>	<b>THF</b>	<b>95%</b>	<b>99%</b>	<b>&gt;25:1</b>	<b>trace</b>	<b>/</b>
7	L6	$\text{Et}_2\text{O}$	77%	98%	>25:1	19%	1.4:1
8	L6	2-Me-THF	16%	98%	>25:1	85%	1.:1.8
9	L6	Toluene	50%	98%	>25:1	46%	1:2.1



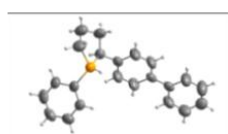
L5: Ar = Ph

L6: Ar = 3,5- $t$ Bu-4-OMe- $\text{C}_6\text{H}_2$

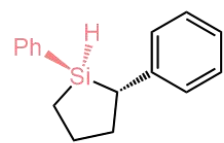
# Scope of MCPs



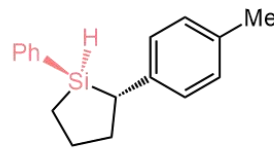
**3a**, 93% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



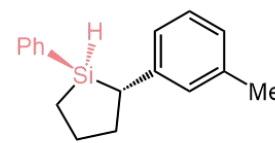
CCDC: 2299718  
**3a**, x-ray structure



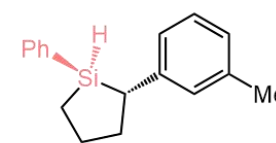
**3b**, 72% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



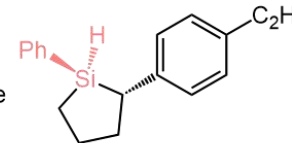
**3c**, 92% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



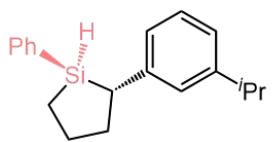
**3d**, 97% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



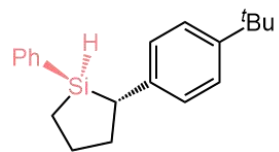
**3e**,<sup>[c]</sup> 33% yield  
92% ee, >25:1 dr



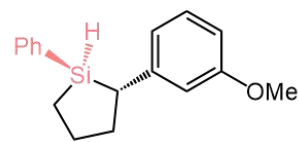
**3f**, 70% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



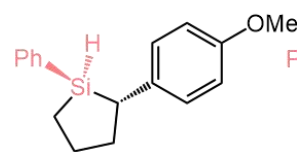
**3g**, 70% yield  
>99% ee, >25:1 dr



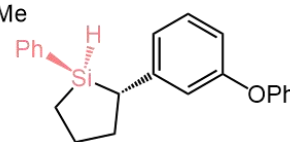
**3h**, 82% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



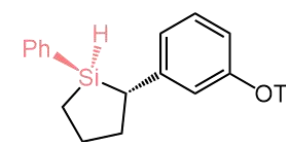
**3i**, 70% yield  
96% ee, >25:1 dr



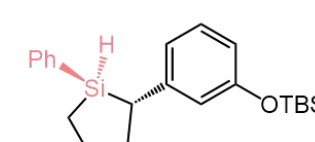
**3j**, 50% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



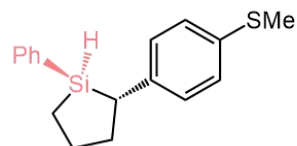
**3k**, 98% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



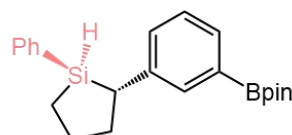
**3l**, 81% yield  
96% ee, >25:1 dr



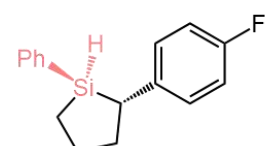
**3m**, 52% yield  
>99% ee, >25:1 dr



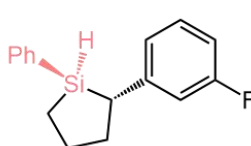
**3n**, 90% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



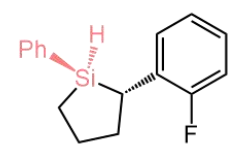
**3o**,<sup>[c]</sup> 52% yield  
90% ee, >25:1 dr



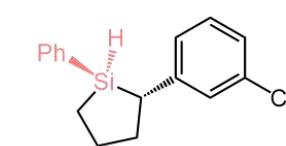
**3p**, 73% yield  
90% ee, >25:1 dr



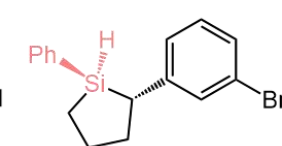
**3q**, 70% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



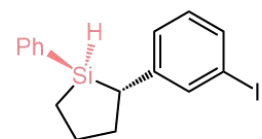
**3r**, 38% yield  
>99% ee, >25:1 dr



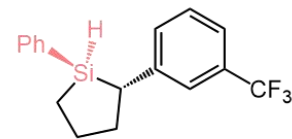
**3s**, 90% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



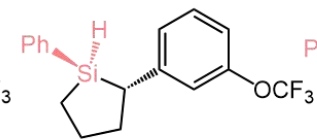
**3t**, 73% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



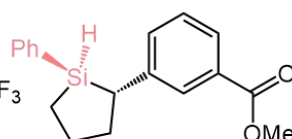
**3u**, 74% yield  
>99% ee, 11:1 dr



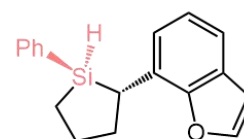
**3v**, 63% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



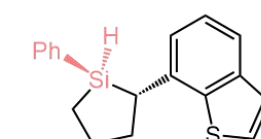
**3w**, 78% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



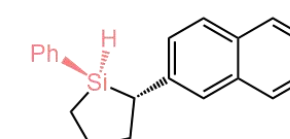
**3x**, 70% yield  
97% ee, >25:1 dr



**3y**, 73% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr



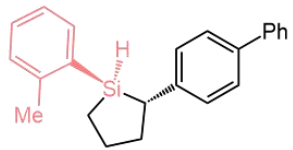
**3z**, 91% yield  
90% ee, 20:1 dr



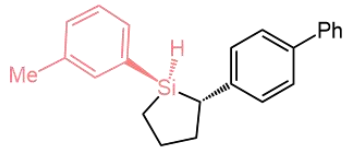
**3aa**, 85% yield  
>99% ee, 20:1 dr

# Scope of Silanes and Bioactive Molecules

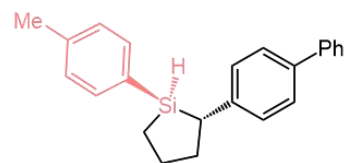
## scope of silanes



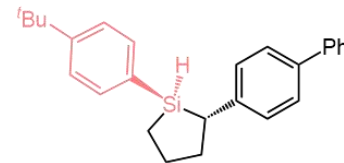
**3ab**, 94% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



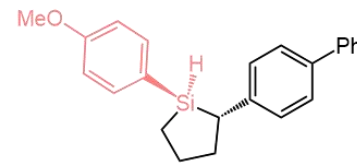
**3ac**, 90% yield  
99% ee, >25:1 dr



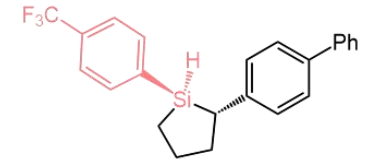
**3ad**, 60% yield  
>99% ee, >25:1 dr



**3ae**, 90% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr

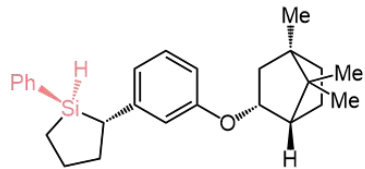


**3af**, 91% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr

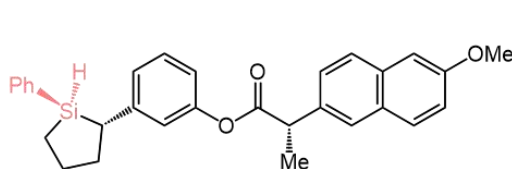


**3ag**, 91% yield  
98% ee, >25:1 dr

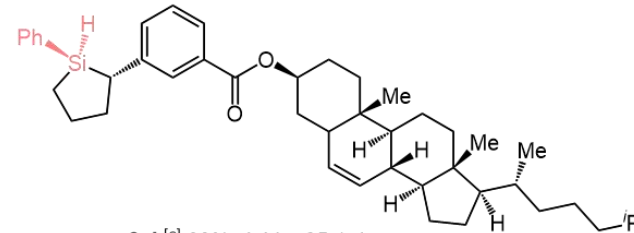
## examples with core structures of bioactive molecules



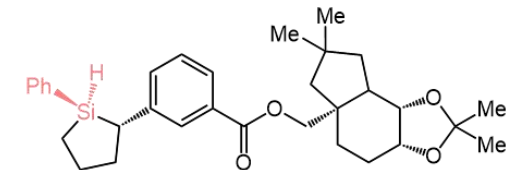
**3ah**,<sup>[c]</sup> 62% yield, >25:1 dr  
from borneol



**3ai**,<sup>[c]</sup> 66% yield, >25:1 dr  
from naproxen



**3aj**,<sup>[c]</sup> 68% yield, >25:1 dr  
from cholesterol

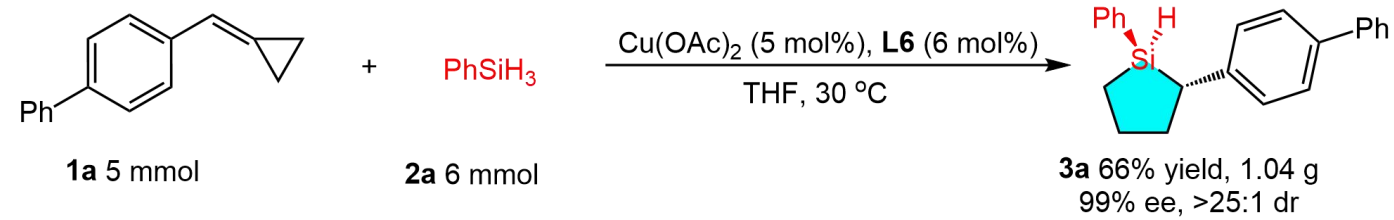


**3ak**,<sup>[c]</sup> 42% yield, >25:1 dr  
from diacetonefructose

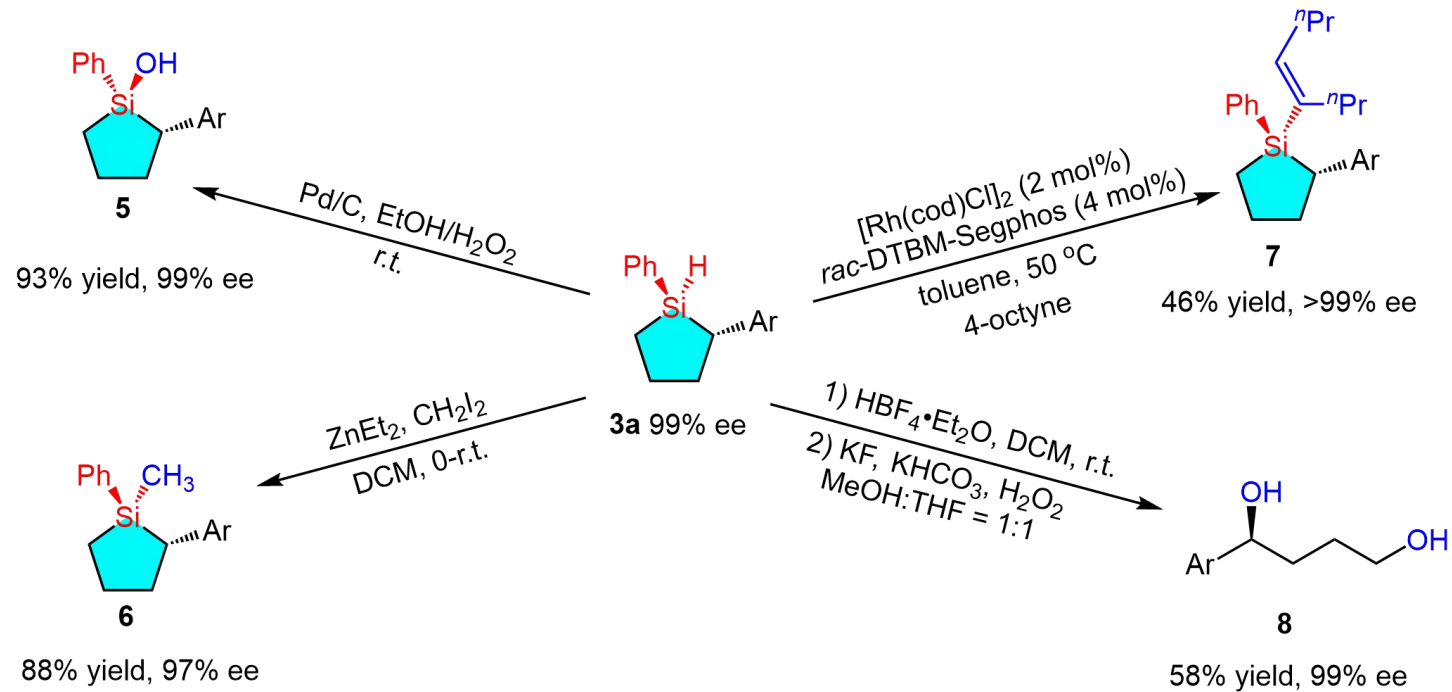


# Scale-up Preparation and Transformations

a) Gram-scale synthesis

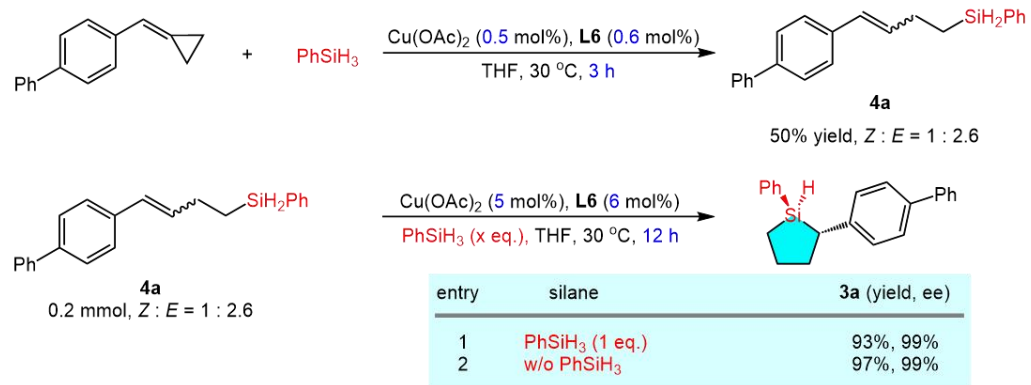


b) Stereospecific transformations of chiral silacyclopentane

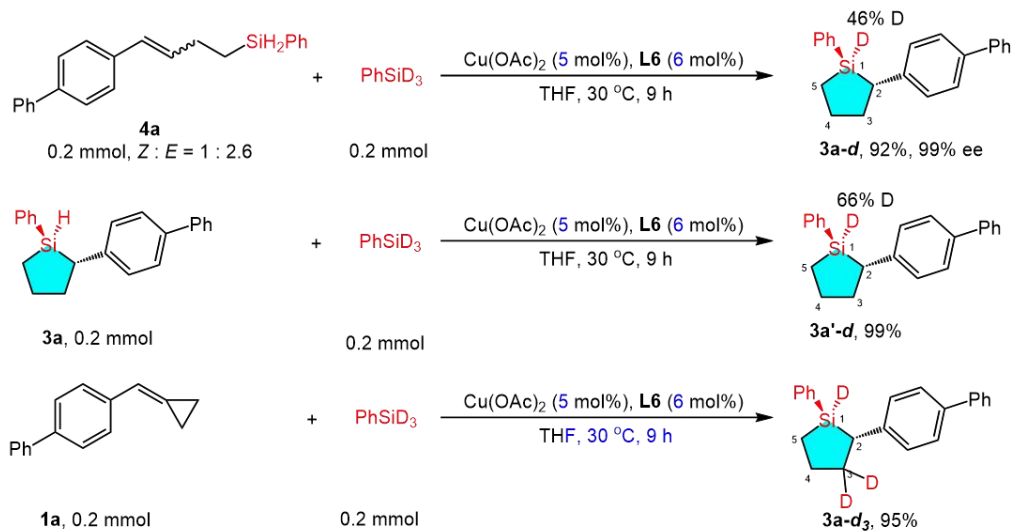


# Mechanism Studies

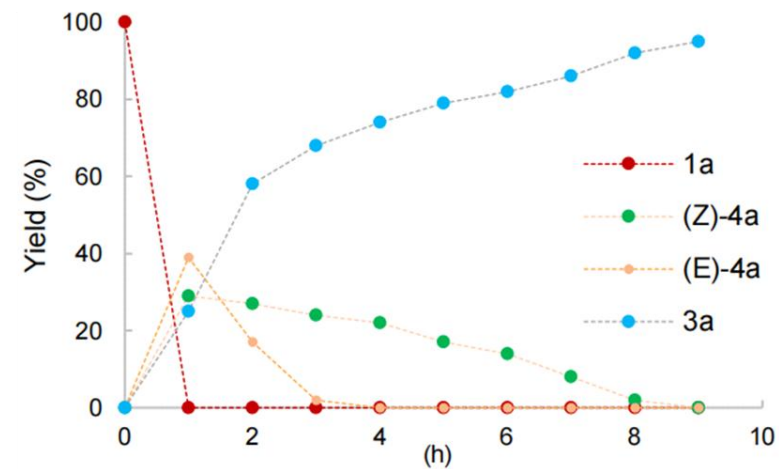
a) Control experiments



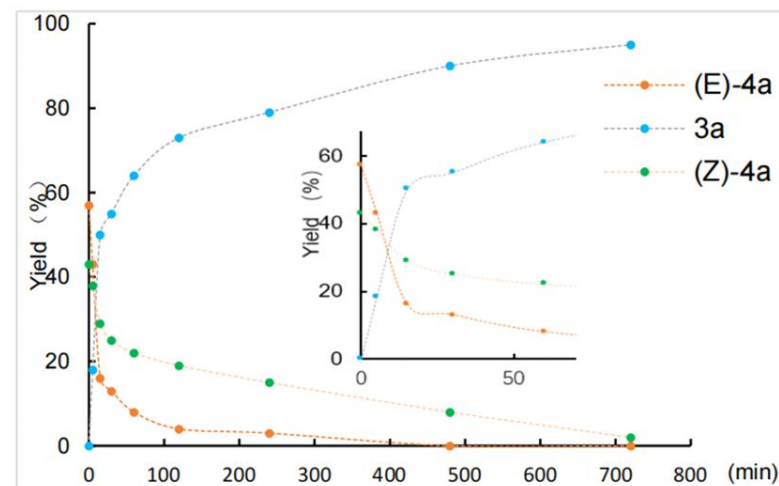
b) Deuteration-labeling experiments



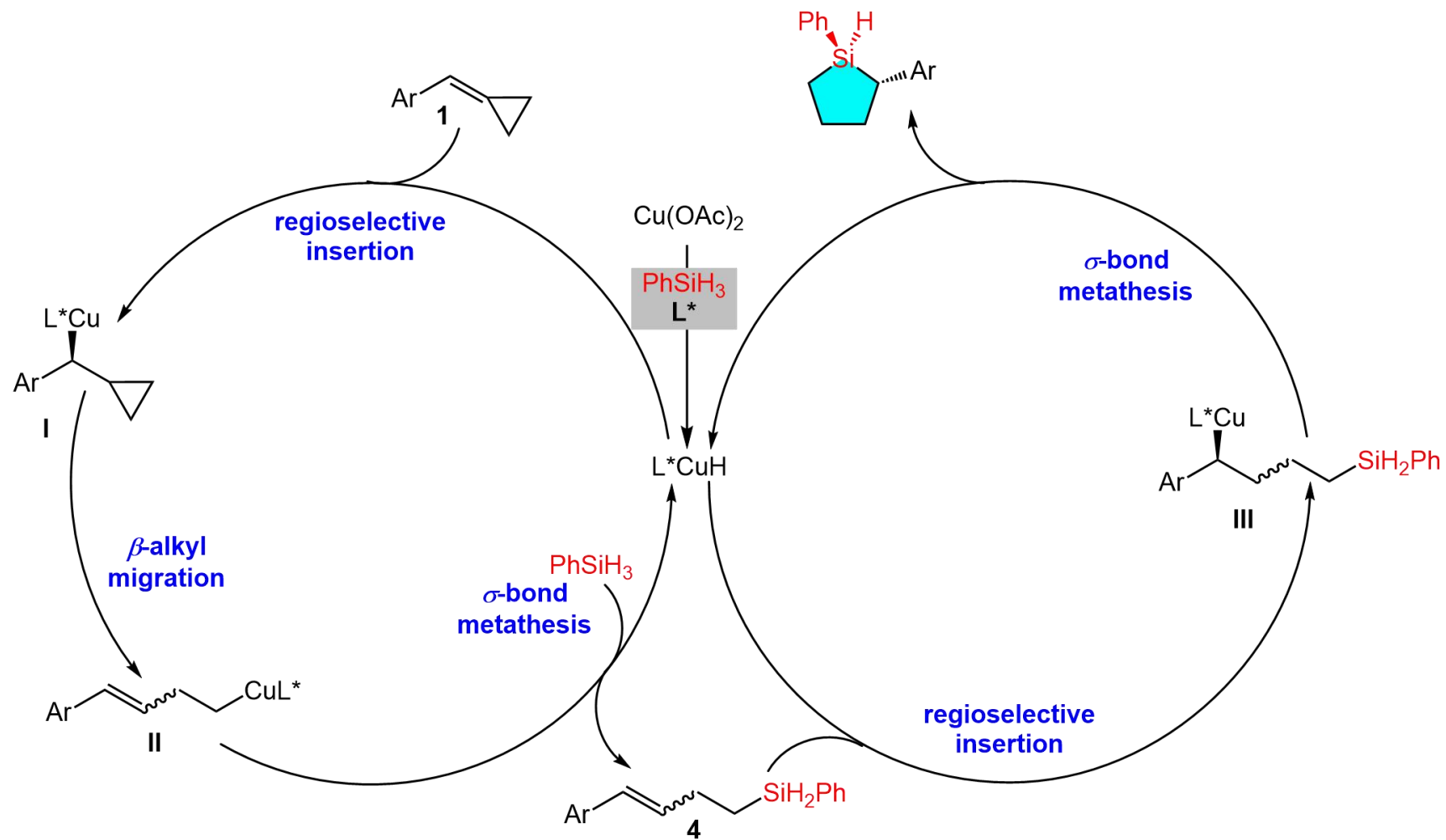
c) Time course study of the sequential hydrosilylation of 1a



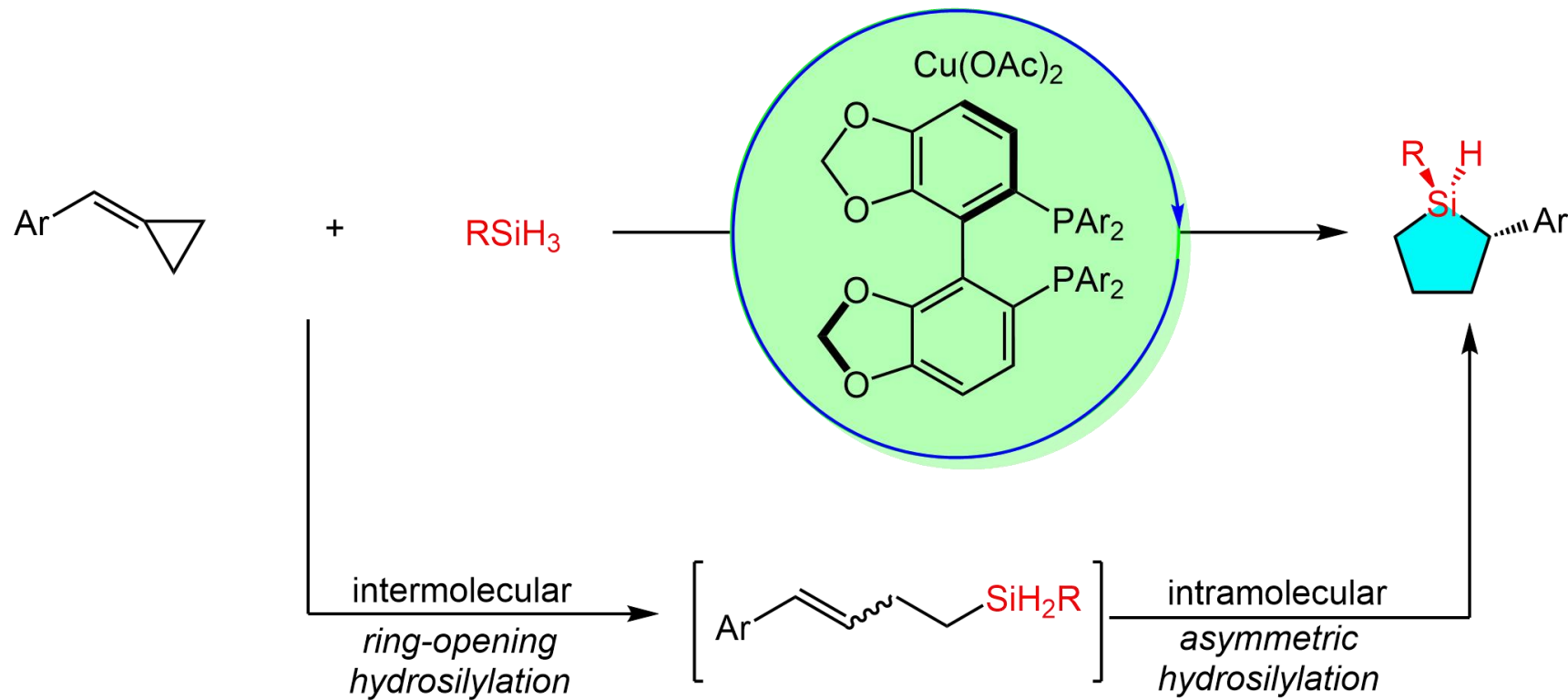
d) Time course study of the hydrosilylation toward stereoisomeric homoallylsilanes 4a



# Proposed Mechanism



# Summary



- ✓ Sequential asymmetric hydrosilylation
- ✓ Consecutive Si- & C-stereogenic centers
- ✓ Generally >98% ee & > 25:1 dr
- ✓ Readily available materials

# Writing Strategy

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## □ The First Paragraph

硅碳环的重要性  
及其应用



以往的合成方法及挑战



引出本文工作

- ✓ Silacarboycles are important and valuable compounds, which play an essential role in many areas of synthetic chemistry, such as **efficient resolution reagents, mechanistic probes in transition metal-catalyzed reactions and superior performance ligands for asymmetric catalysis**. In addition, these compounds have also widely utilized in the territories of material science and pharmaceuticals.
- ✓ In this regard, progress has led to various practical methods, such as cycloaddition and ring expansion reactions, that have greatly expanded the capability to produce a large number of silacarboycles. **By comparison, the access to silacarboycles featuring silicon-stereogenic centers in an enantioselective manner have remained underdeveloped**
- ✓ **Herein, we report the first example of enantioselective copper-catalyzed cascade inter- and intramolecular hydrosilylations of MCPs**, allowing for the expedient synthesis of chiral silacyclopentanes containing consecutive silicon- and carbon-stereogenic centers

# Writing Strategy

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## □ The Last Paragraph

总结工作



本文亮点



展望

- ✓ In summary, **we have developed a copper-catalyzed asymmetric sequential hydrosilylation of aryl MCPs with various primary silanes**. A wide range of silacyclopentanes featuring consecutive silicon- and carbon-stereogenic centers have been expediently prepared with readily available starting materials in high yields with excellent enantio- and diastereoselectivity
- ✓ The experimental studies disclosed that this sequential hydrosilylation reaction underwent a **copper-catalyzed intermolecular ring opening hydrosilylation of aryl MCPs with silanes to produce a Z/E mixture of homoallylic silanes intermediates**, followed by an intramolecular copper-catalyzed stereoselective hydrosilylation to afford chiral silacyclopentanes.
- ✓ Further studies on the development of new methods for construction of silicon-centered chirality are underway.

# Representative Examples

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- ✓ Meng and collaborators developed an **intriguing** cobalt-catalyzed sequential site- and stereoselective hydrosilylation of 1,3-enynes with readily available primary aryl silanes as feedstocks. (*adj.* 有趣的, 迷人的)
- ✓ Therefore, the very limited **precedents** clearly prove the need for the design and development of catalytic strategies to efficiently produce valuable silacarbocyclic compounds featuring siliconstereogenic centers from readily accessible starting materials (*n.* 示例, 范例)
- ✓ The inherent high ring strain (40 kcal mol<sup>-1</sup>) has **endowed** a number of intriguing transformations of MCPs. (*v.* 捐赠, 赋予)

# Acknowledgment

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***Thanks  
for your attention !***