



中国科学院大连化学物理研究所

DALIAN INSTITUTE OF CHEMICAL PHYSICS, CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

Literature Report VIII

Rhodium-Catalyzed Enantio- and Regioselective Allylation of Indoles with *gem*-Difluorinated Cyclopropanes

Reporter: Yan-Jiang Yu

Checker: Hao-Dong Chen

Yang, H.; Lu, G.; Xia, Y.

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2024**, 63, e202403602

2024-04-29

CV of Prof. Xia Ying



Group's goal:

- Transition Metal Catalyzed Small Ring Chemistry
- Asymmetric Catalysis
- Organic Fluorine Chemistry

Background:

- ❑ **2006-2010** B.S., Beijing Institute of Technology
- ❑ **2010-2015** Ph.D., Peking University
- ❑ **2015-2016** Postdoc., The University of Texas at Austin
- ❑ **2016-2019** Postdoc., The University of Chicago
- ❑ **2019-Now** Professor, Sichuan University

Contents

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Introduction

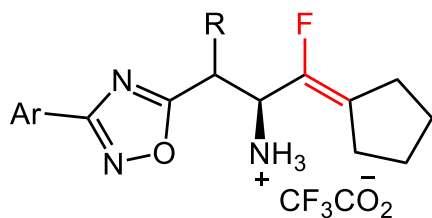
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Rh-Catalyzed Branched-selectivity Asymmetric Allylation of
Indoles with *gem*-DFCPs

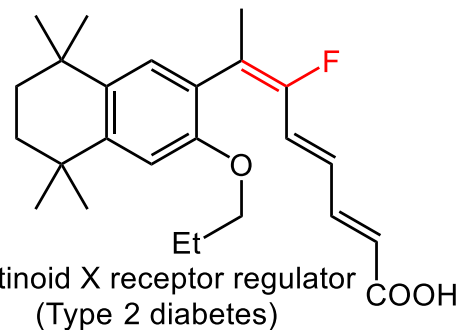
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Summary

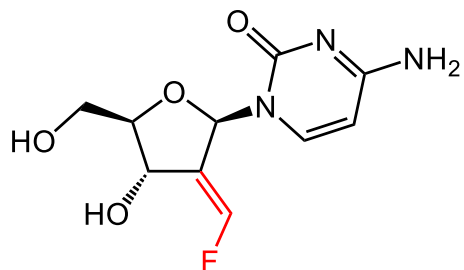
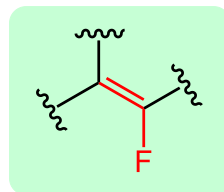
Introduction



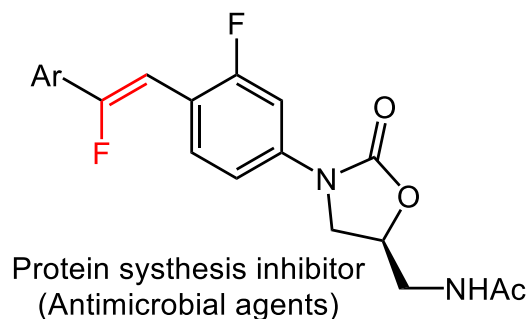
Dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors
(Type 2 diabetes)



Retinoid X receptor regulator
(Type 2 diabetes)



Ribonucleotide reductase inhibitor
(Anti-cancer)

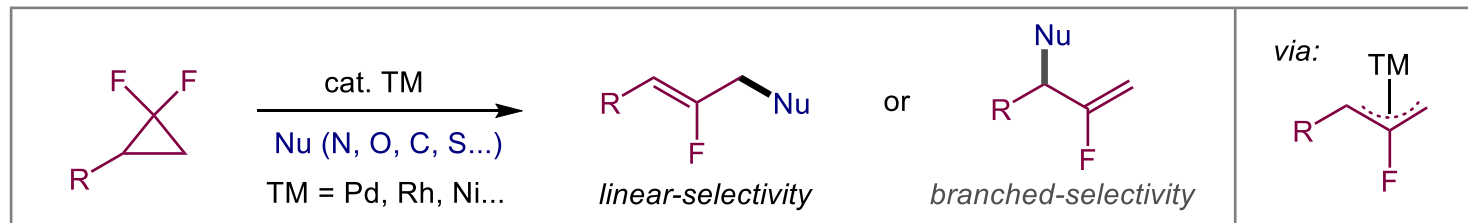


Protein synthesis inhibitor
(Antimicrobial agents)

Introduction

Ring-strain Energy (kcal/mol)	27.1	32.9	42.4	54.0	62.0

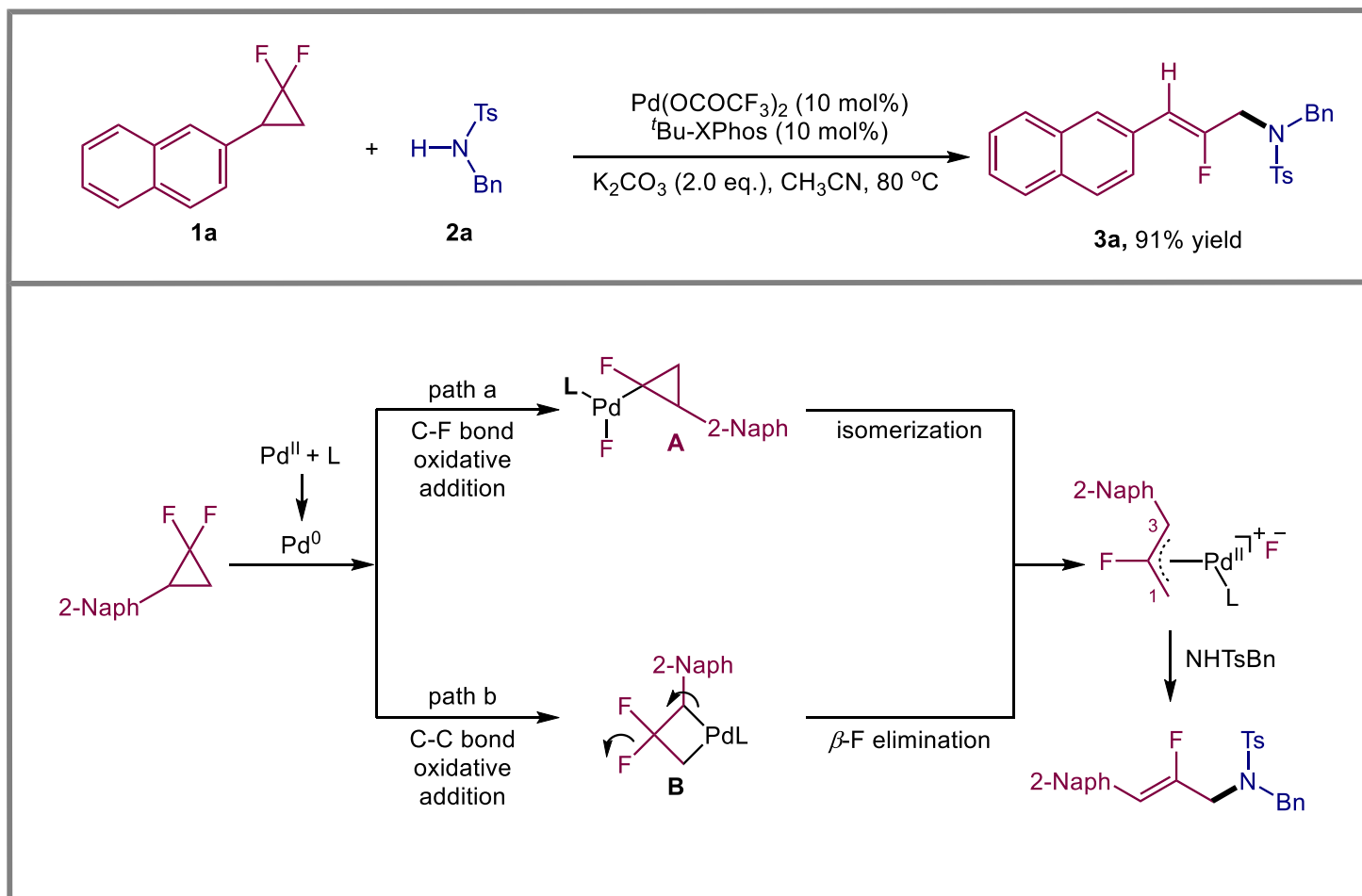
Cyclopropane	Ring-strain Energy	Bond Length	Bond Angle
	42.4 kcal/mol	r(C1-C2) 1.477 Å r(C2-C3) 1.550 Å	∠C2-C1-C3 63.3° ∠F-C1-F 109.6°
	27.1 kcal/mol	r(C-C) 1.515 Å	∠C-C-C 60.0° ∠H-C-H 114.5°



Zeiger, D. N.; Liebman, J. F. *J. Mol. Structure* **2000**, 556, 83
 Dolbier, W. R.; Battiste, M. A. *Chem. Rev.* **2003**, 103, 1071

Introduction

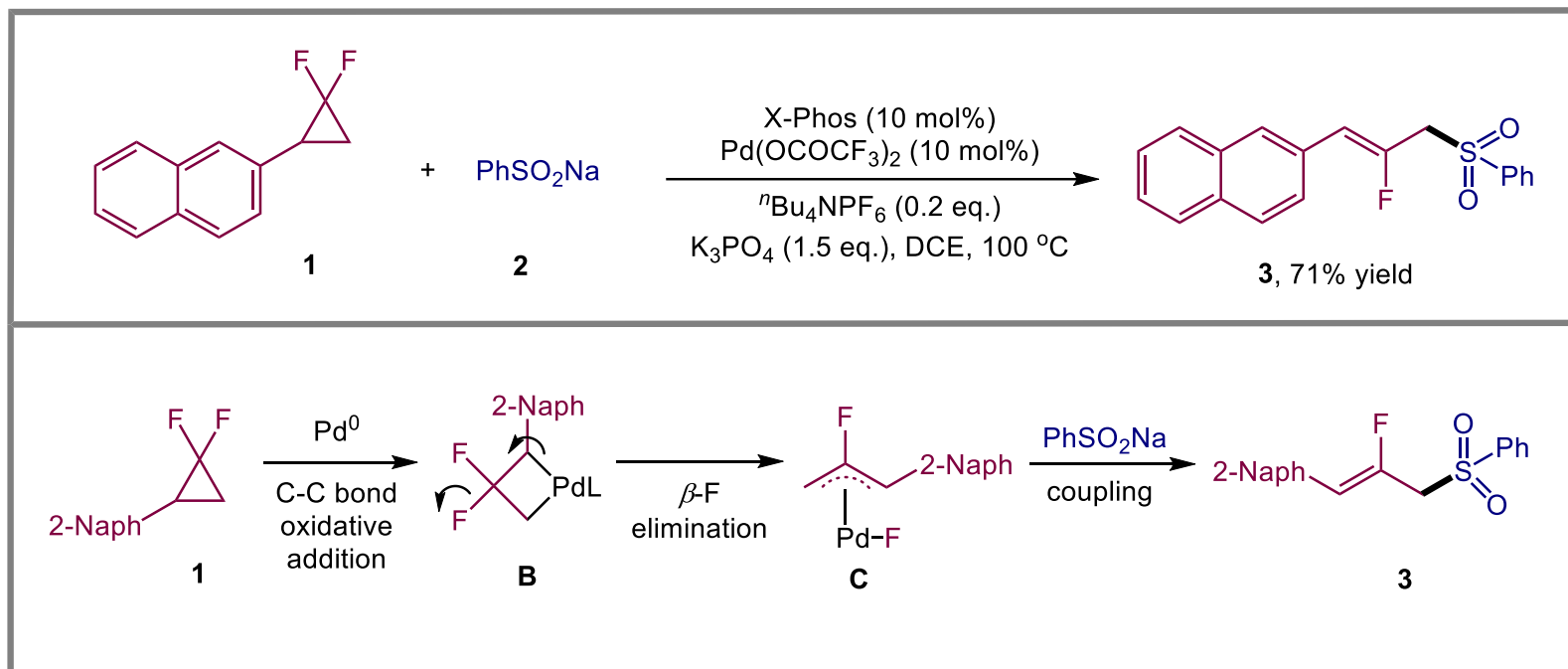
Pd-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs to form C-N bond (linear-selectivity)



Xu, J.; Xiao, B.; Yu, C.-G.; Fu, Y. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2015**, *54*, 8231

Introduction

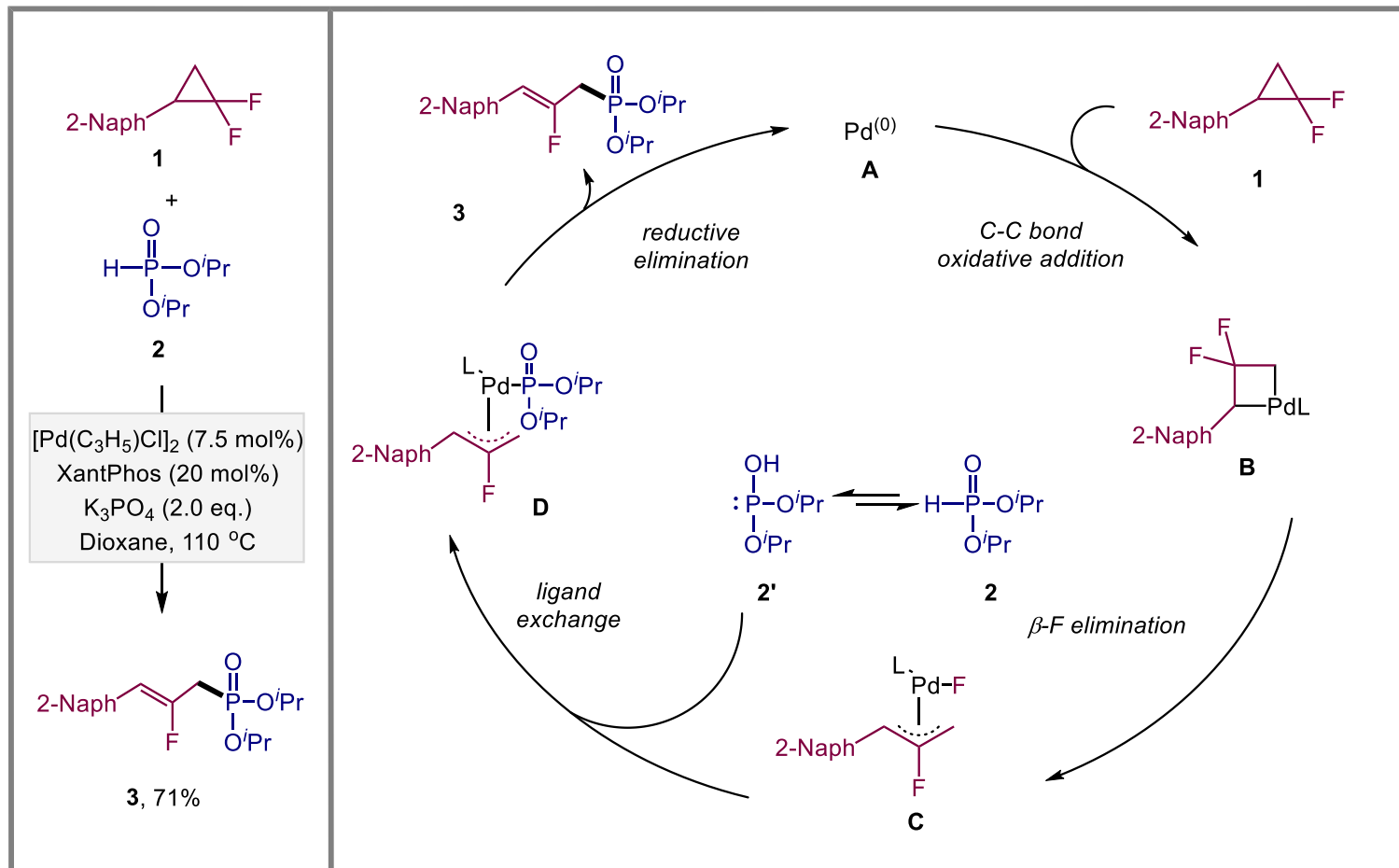
Pd-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs to form C-S bond (linear-selectivity)



Ni, J.; Nishonov, B.; Zhang, A. *J. Org. Chem.* **2019**, *84*, 13646

Introduction

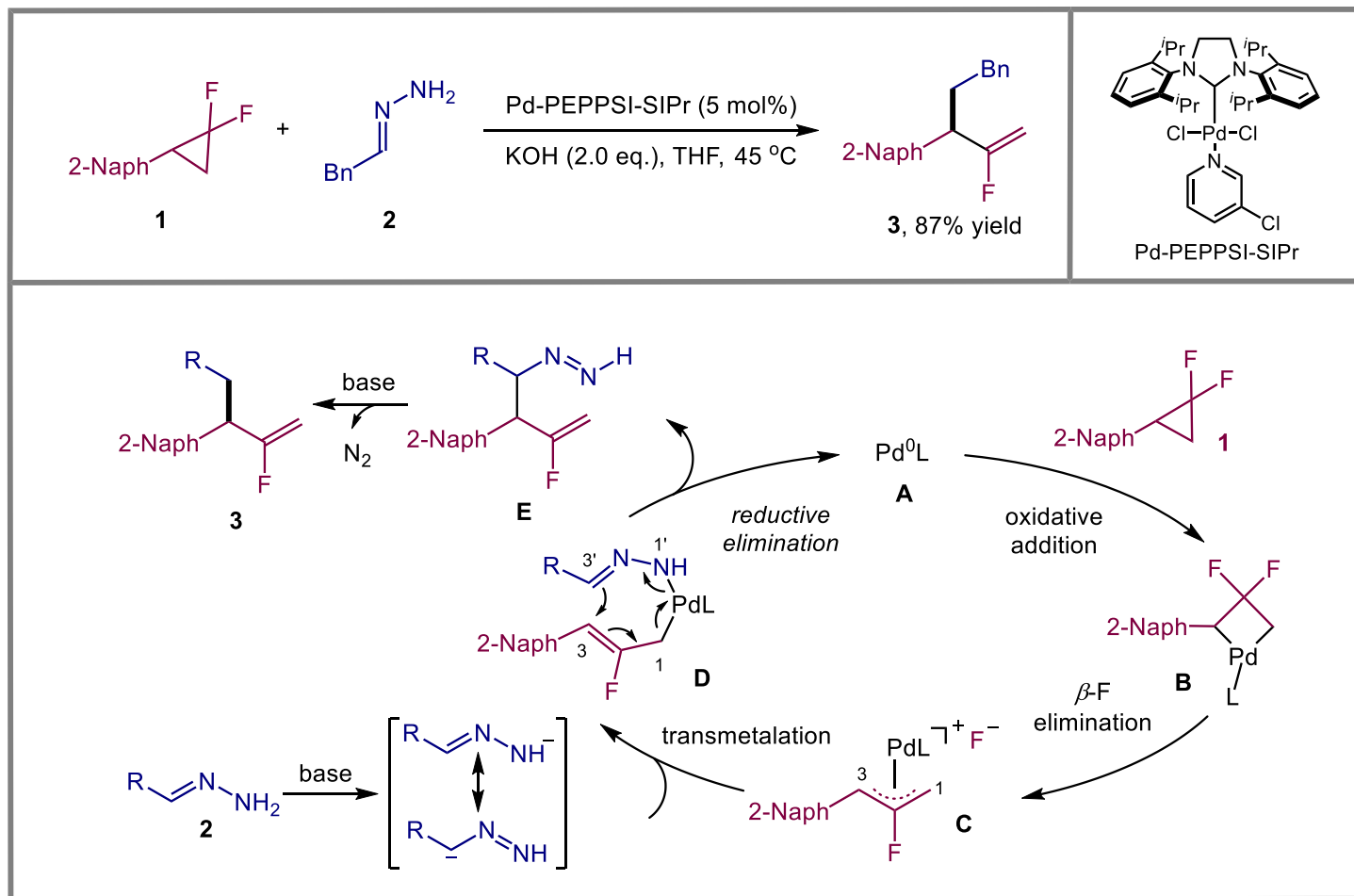
Pd-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs to form C-P bond (linear-selectivity)



Sun, J.; X.-W.; Wu, X.-X. *Org. Lett.* **2023**, 25, 5220

Introduction

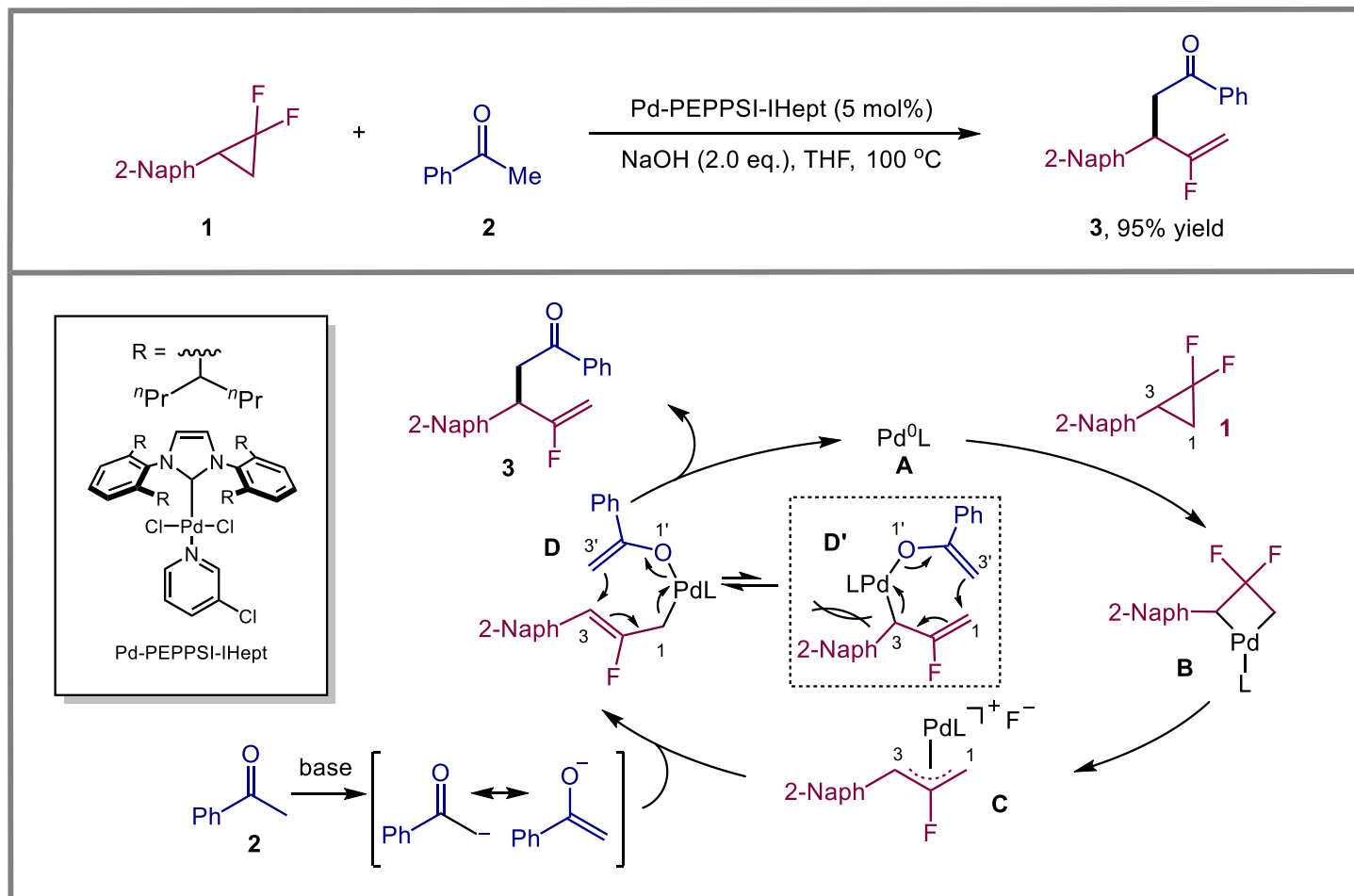
Pd-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs to form C-C bond (branched-selectivity)



Lv, L.; Li, C.-J. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2021**, *60*, 13098

Introduction

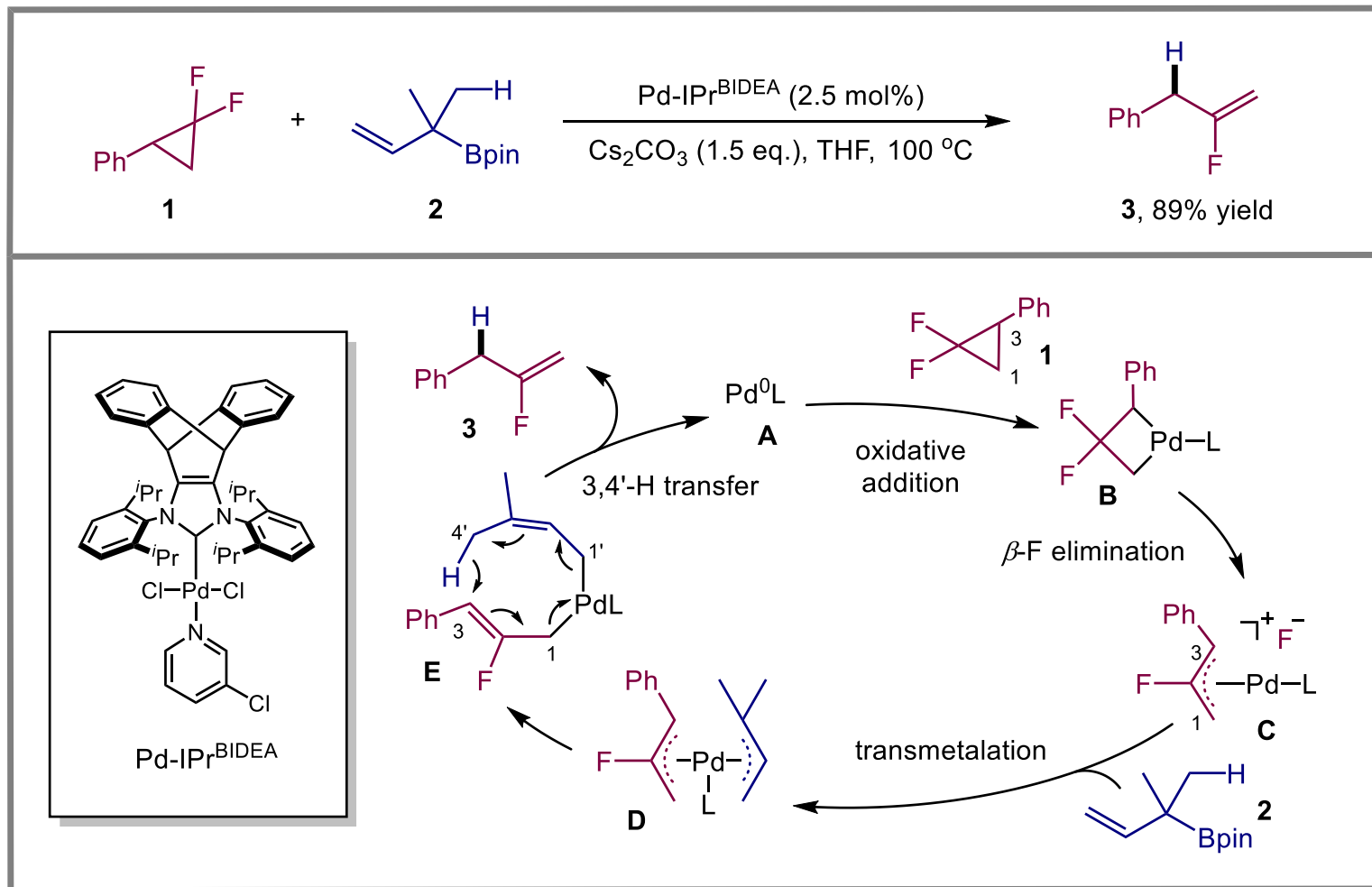
Pd-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs (branched-selectivity)



Lv, L.; Yan, X.; Li, Z. *Chem. Sci.* **2021**, *12*, 15511

Introduction

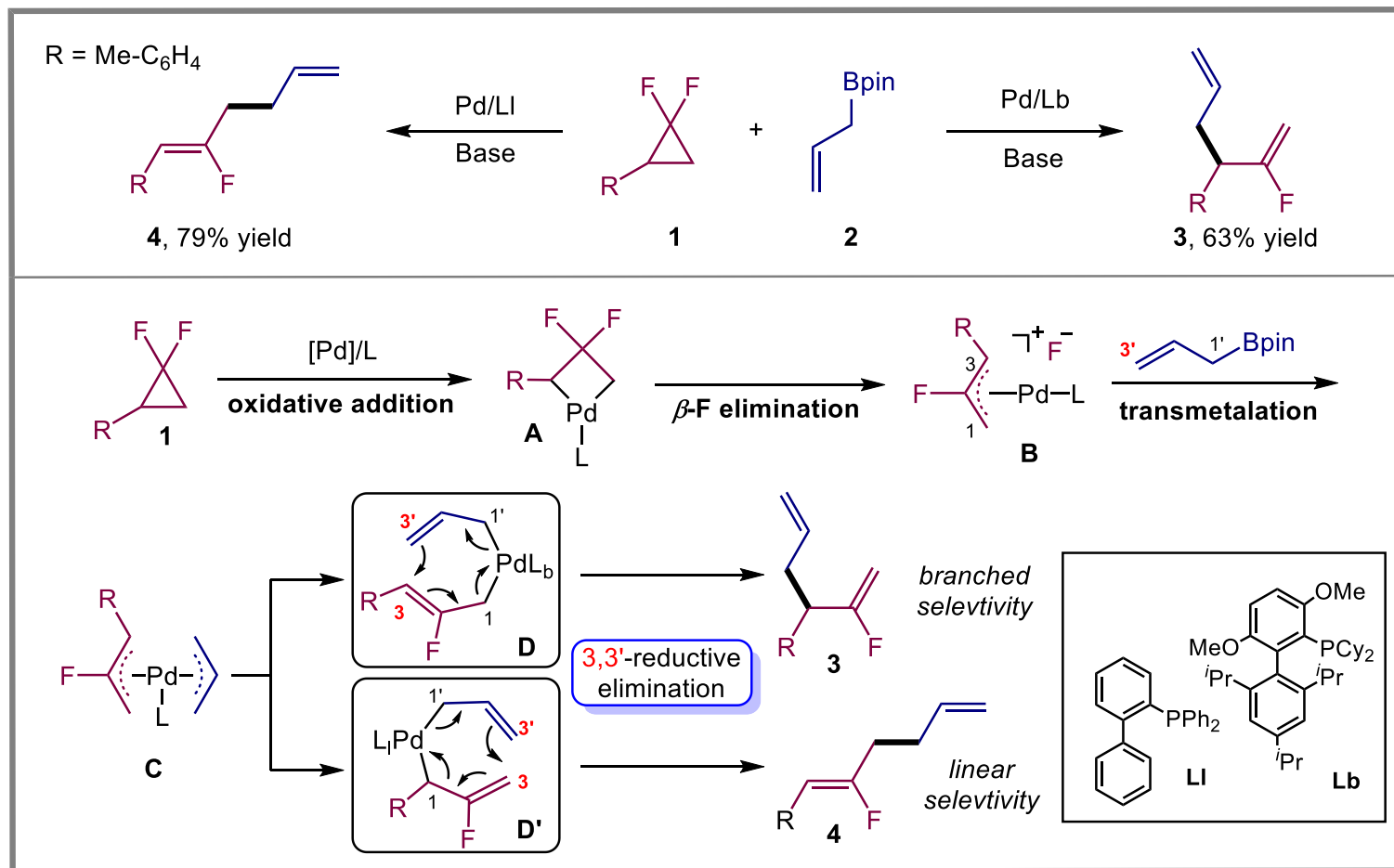
Pd-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs (branched-selectivity)



Qian, H.; Cheng, Z.; Li, Z. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2024**, *146*, 24

Introduction

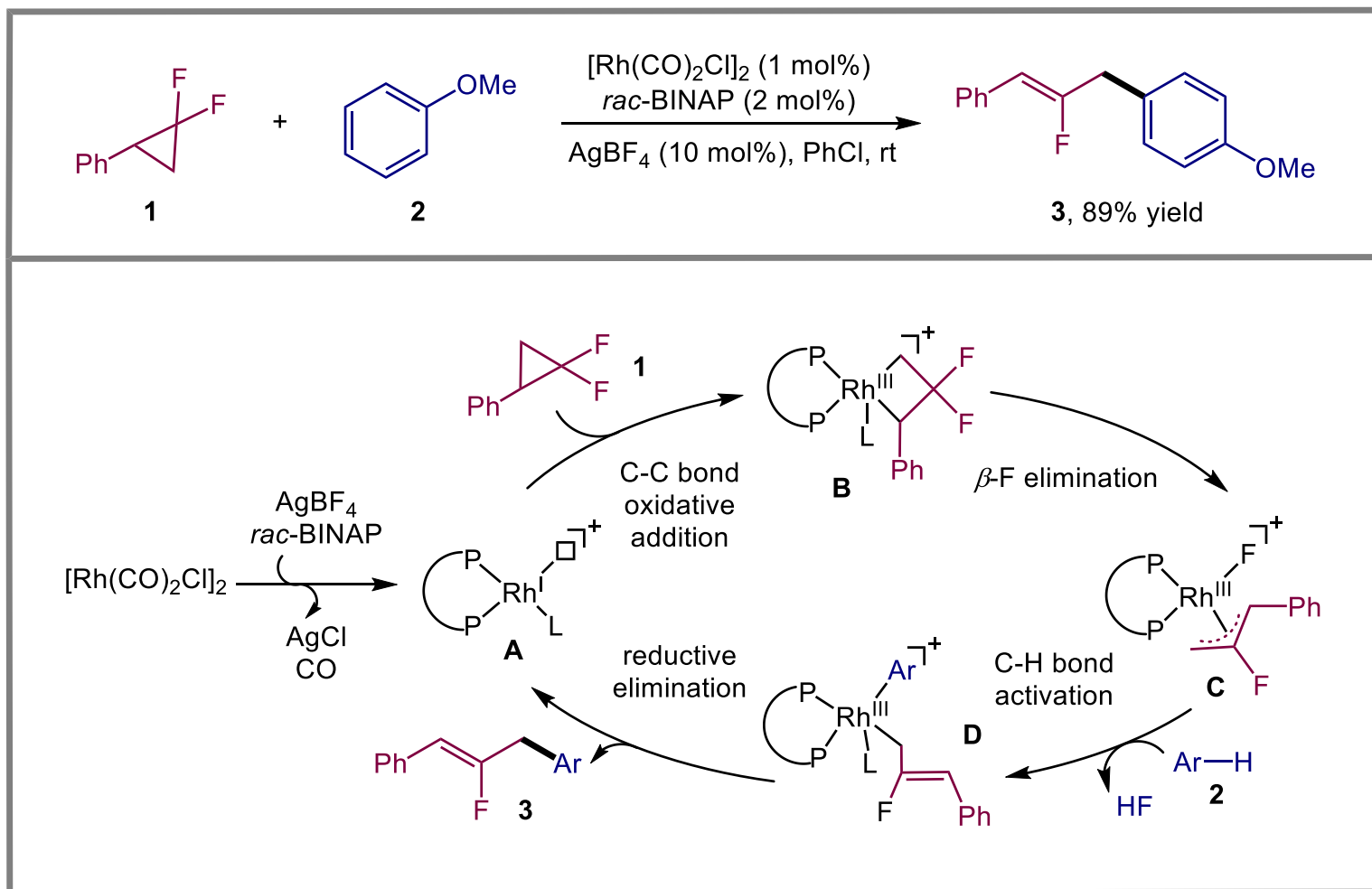
Pd-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs (branched-selectivity or linear-selectivity)



Wu, L.; Liang, Y.; Shi, Z. *Chin. J. Chem.* **2022**, *40*, 2345

Introduction

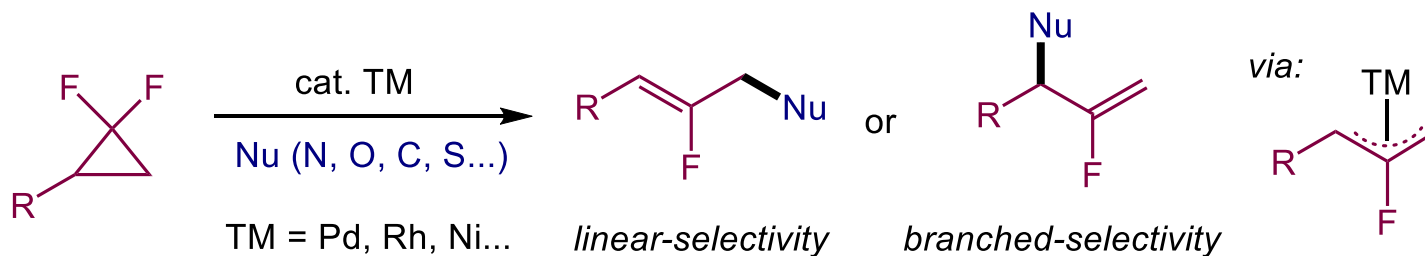
Rh-catalyzed ring opening of *gem*-DFCPs (linear-selectivity)



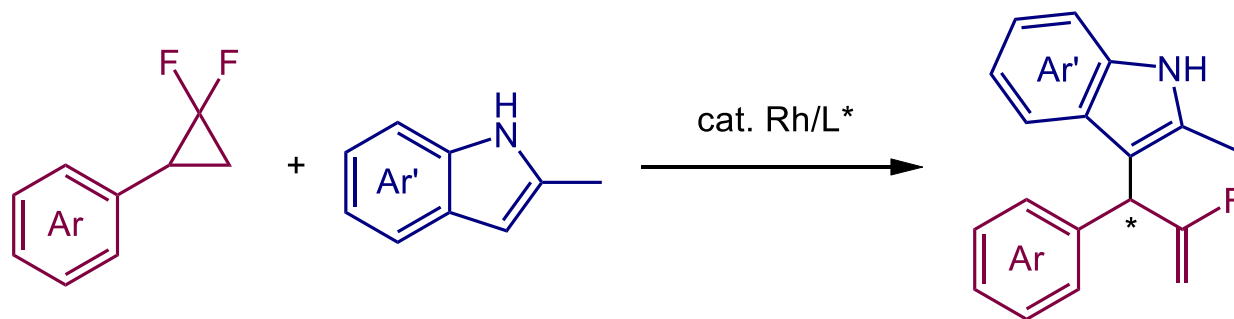
Jiang, Z.-T.; Huang, J.; Xia, Y. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2021**, *60*, 10626

Project Synopsis

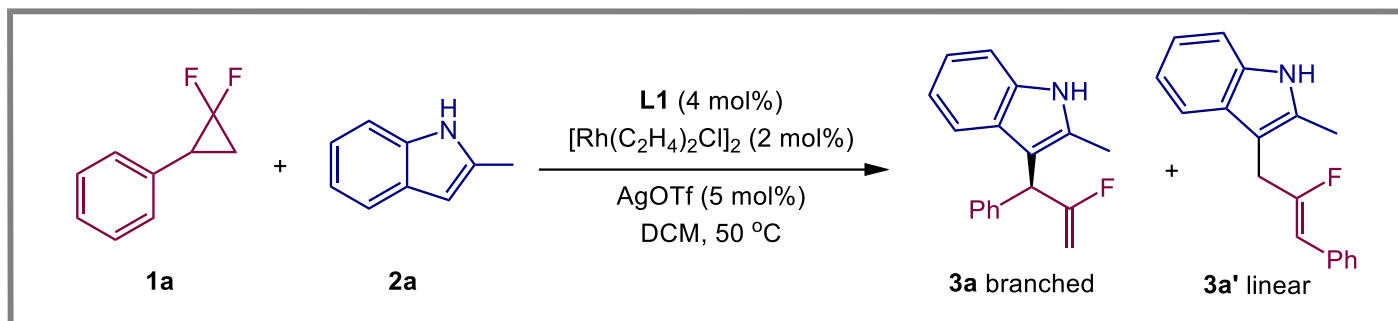
Racemic or Achiral mono-Fluoroalkenes (Well-developed)



The Collection of Enantioenriched mono-Fluoroalkenes



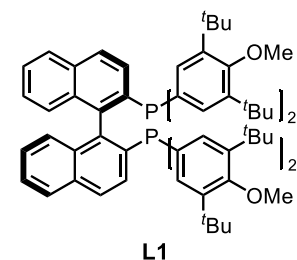
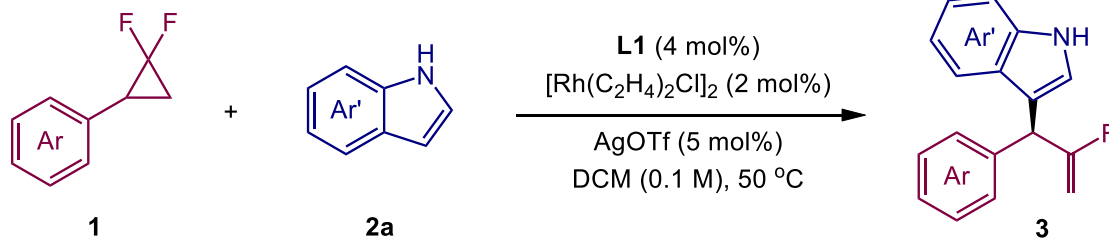
Optimization of Reaction Conditions



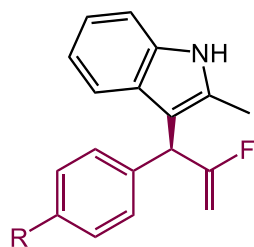
Entry	Variations	Yield (%)	b/l	Ee (%)
1	none	93 (92)	38:1	93
2	no AgOTf	0	-	-
3	AgPF ₆	53	25:1	89
4	AgBF ₄	56	25:1	69
5	L2	86	11:1	31
6	L3	82	9:1	31
7	L4	72	4:1	15
8	L5	86	1:1	48
9	L6	15	26:1	93
10	L7	0	-	-
11	PhCl	91	31:1	91
12	DCE	91	29:1	85
13	THF, L2	36	1:1.3	29

L1 (*R*)-DTBM-BINAP
L2 (*R*)-BINAP
L3 (*R*)-tol-BINAP
L4 (*R*)-xyl-BINAP
L5 (*R*)-SegPhos
L6 (*R*)-DTBM-SegPhos
L7

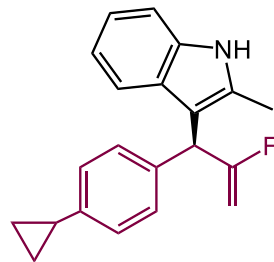
Substrate Scope



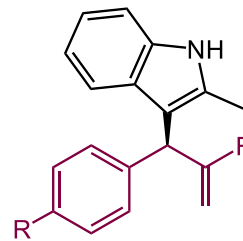
A: Scope of gem-DFCPs



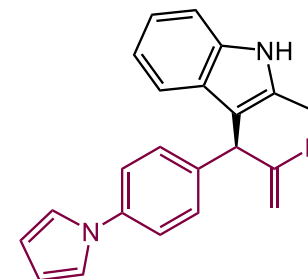
3a, R = H, 93% ee, 92% yield
3b, R = Me, 91% ee, 57% yield



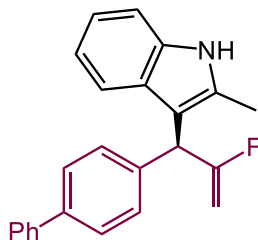
3c, 89% ee, 68% yield



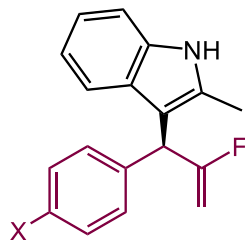
3d, R = OPh, 91% ee, 85% yield
3e, R = OAc, 96% ee, 95% yield



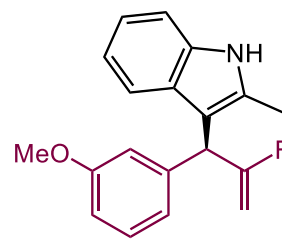
3f, 93% ee, 96% yield



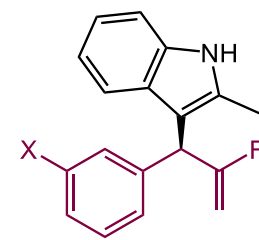
3g, 93% ee, 93% yield



3h, X = F, 93% ee, 92% yield
3i, X = Cl, 96% ee, 55% yield
3j, X = Br, 95% ee, 49% yield



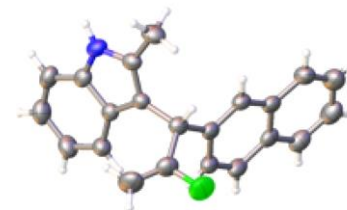
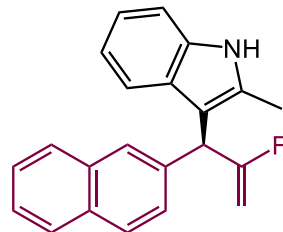
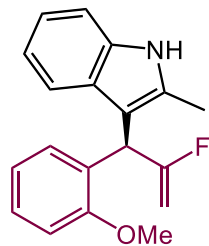
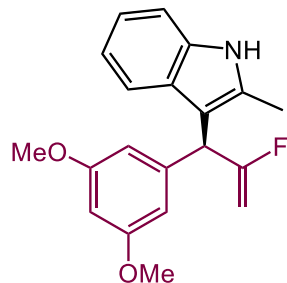
3k, 91% ee, 95% yield



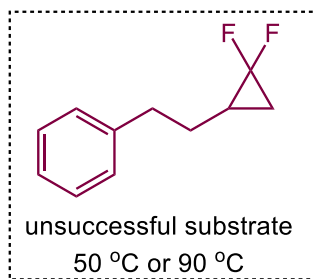
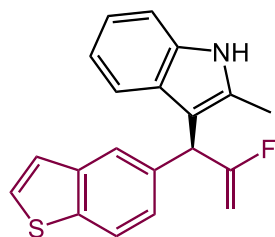
3l, X = F, 96% ee, 53% yield
3m, X = Cl, 95% ee, 88% yield
3n, X = Br, 97% ee, 95% yield

Substrate Scope

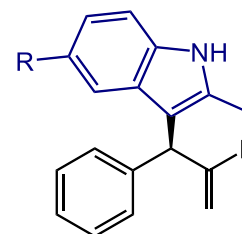
A: Scope of gem-DFCPs



X-ray of **3q**



B: Scope of Indoles

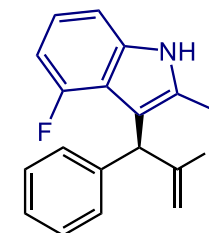
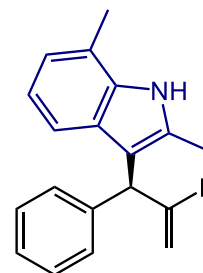
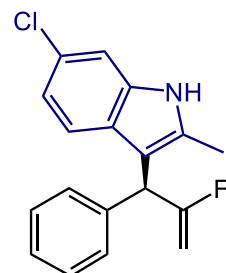
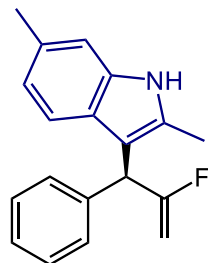
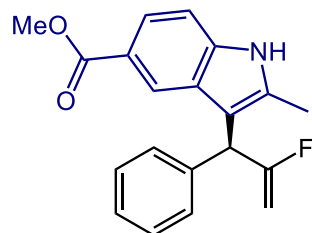


3s, X = Me, 92% ee, 86% yield

3t, X = OMe, 93% ee, 94% yield

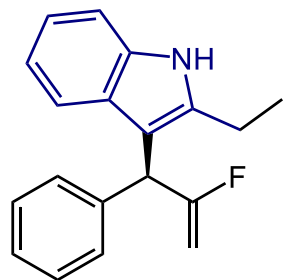
3u, X = Cl, 91% ee, 66% yield

3v, X = F, 95% ee, 66% yield

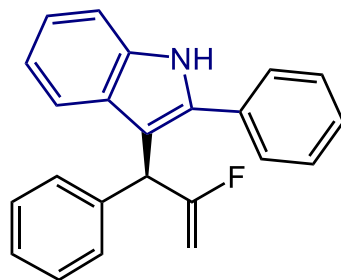


Substrate Scope

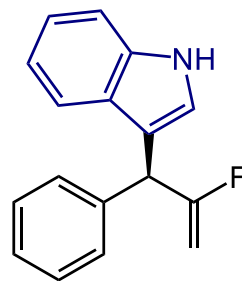
B: Scope of Indoles



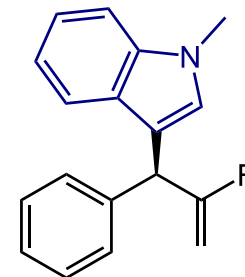
3ab, 94% ee, 81% yield



3ac, 85% ee, 60% yield

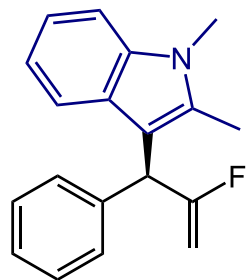


3ad, 73% ee, 7% yield
81% ee, 70% yield (*R*)-BINAP

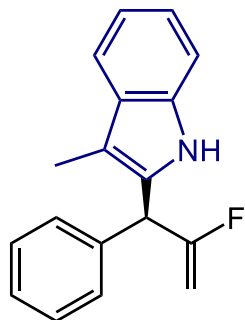


3ae, 95% ee, 5% yield

73% ee, 46% yield
b/l = 4:1, (*R*)-SegPhos

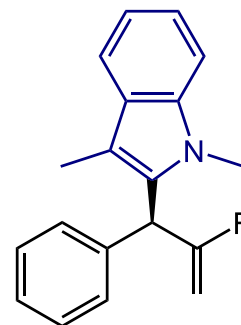


3af, 95% ee, 90% yield



3ag, 41% ee, 15% yield

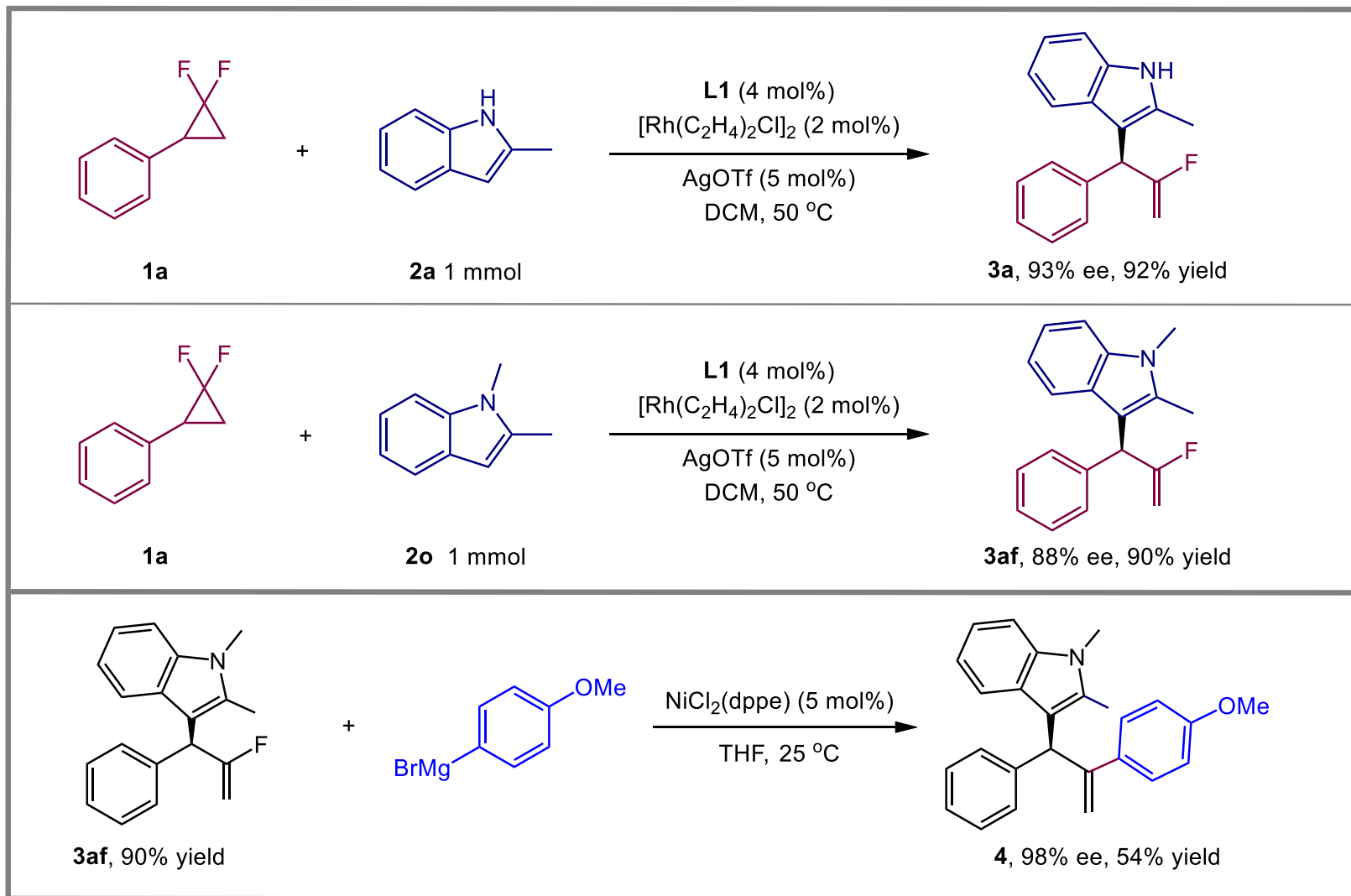
89% ee, 77% yield
b/l = 6:1, (*R*)-BINAP



3ah, no reaction

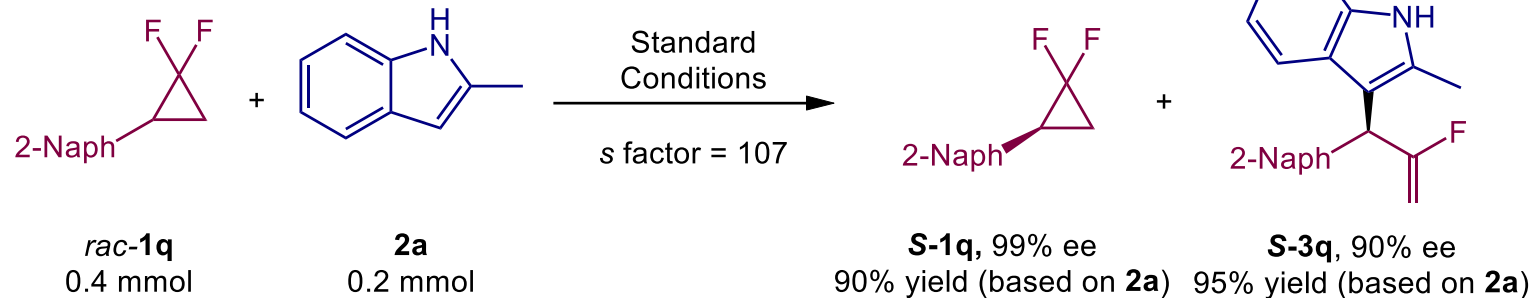
99% ee, 51% yield
b/l = 14:1, (*R*)-BINAP

Synthetic Application

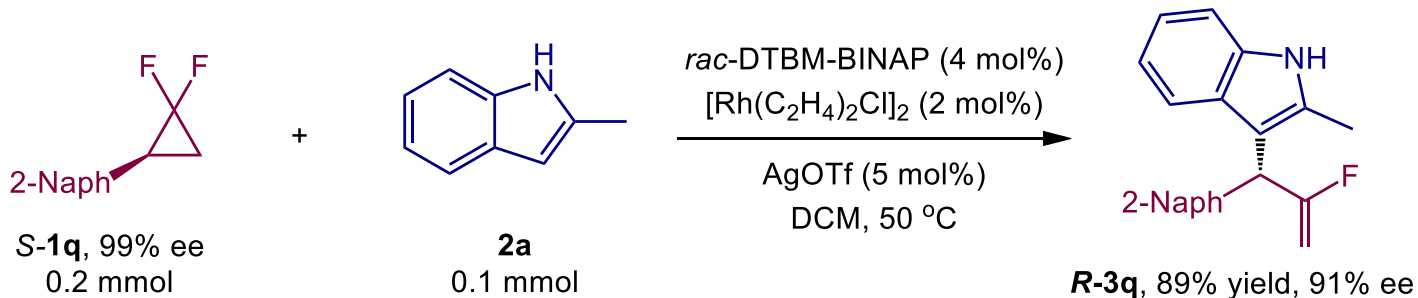
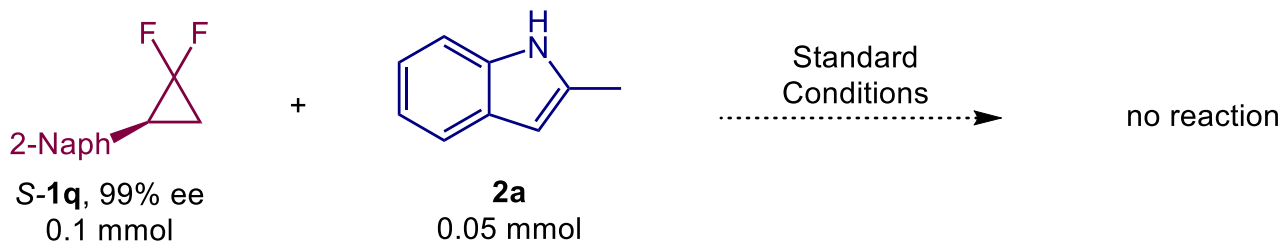


Mechanistic Studies

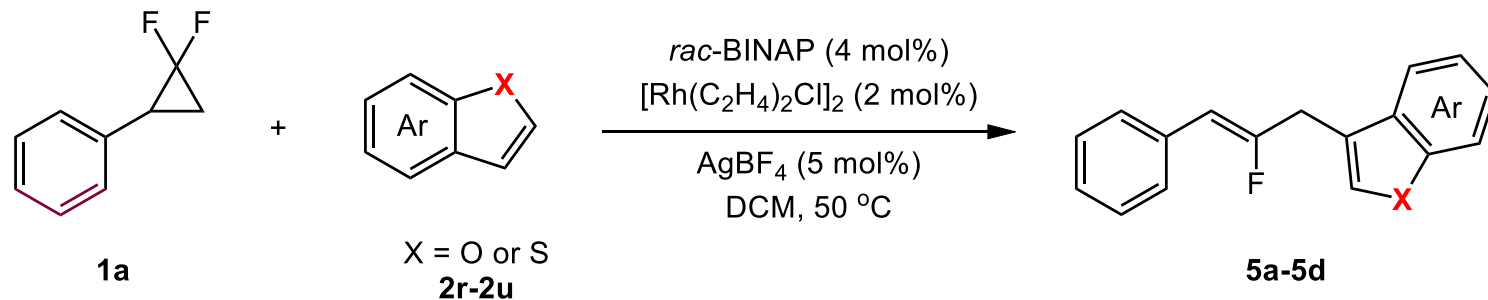
Recycled the Remaining gem-DFCP



Reaction of Recovered Enantiopure gem-DFCP



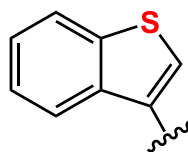
Mechanistic Studies



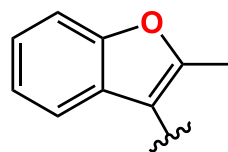
Other Aromatic Heterocycles



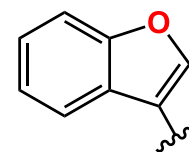
5a 64% yield



5b 39% yield

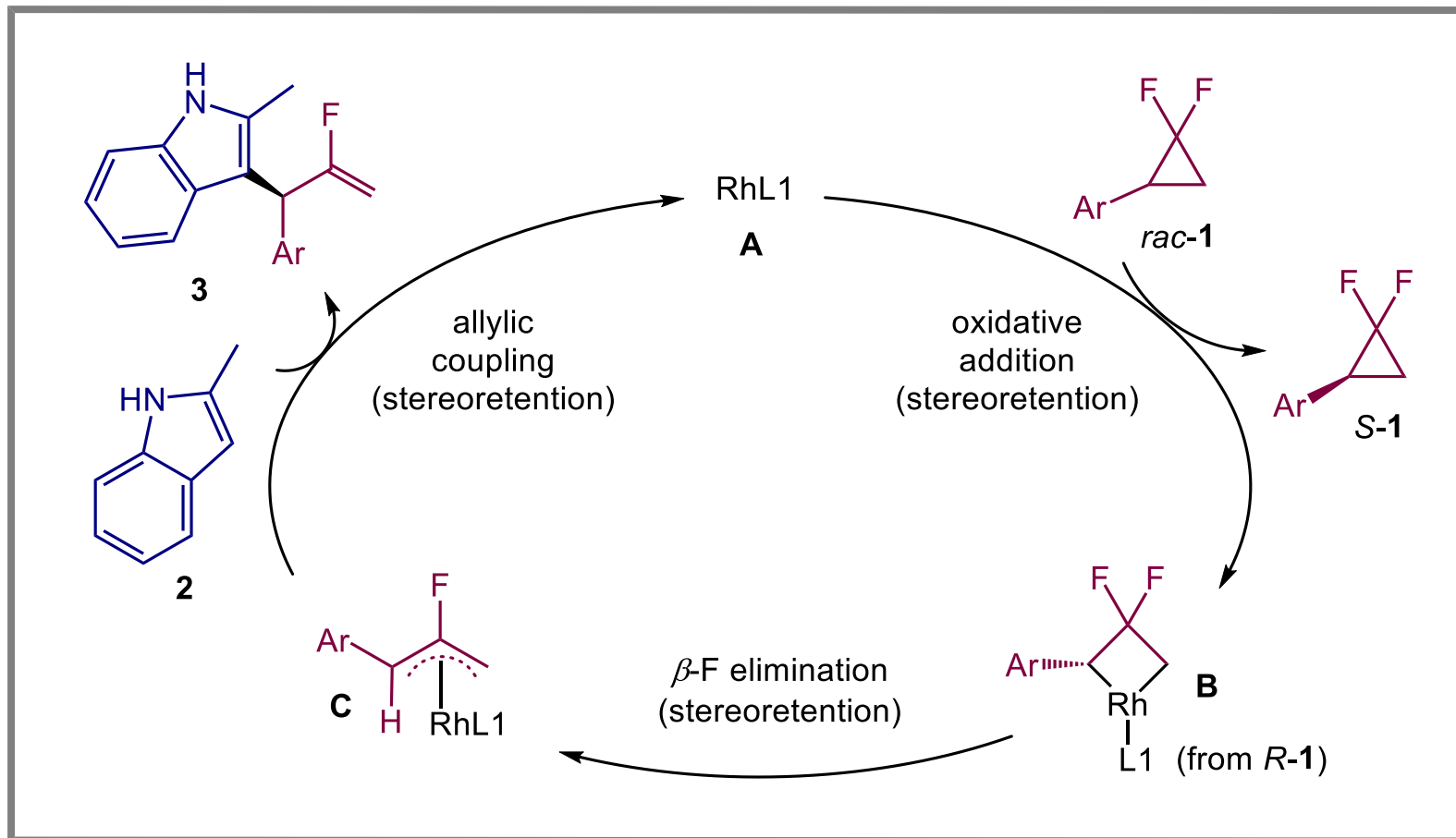


5c 26% yield

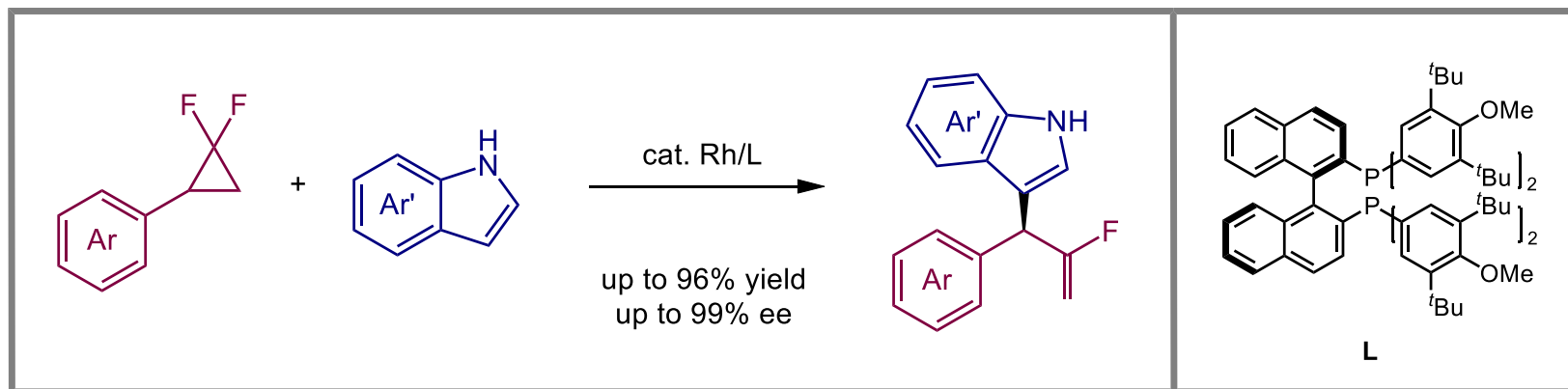


5d 33% yield

Proposed Mechanism



Summary



🔴 Exclusive Branched-selectivity

🔴 Excellent Enantioselectivity

🔴 Good Functional Group Tolerance

🔴 Indole C2 and C3 Fluoroallylation

The First Paragraph

Writing strategy

The importance of
mono-fluoroalkenes
compounds



The synthesis of
mono-fluoroalkenes



Rh-catalyzed
asymmetric allylic
Of *gem*-DFCPs

- ❑ Organofluorine compounds occupy a significant place in pharmaceutical chemistry and material science. Among various fluorinated motifs, the mono-fluoroalkenes have consistently attracted attention from the synthetic community.
- ❑ Despite these significant achievements that have been made in the synthesis of racemic or achiral mono-fluoroalkenes, a strategy for the collection of enantioenriched α -mono-fluoroalkenes using *gem*-DFCPs as fluoroallyl surrogates has not yet been realized.
- ❑ Herein, we disclosed the first Rh-catalyzed branched-regioselective and enantioselective allylic coupling between *gem*-DFCPs and indoles.

The Last Paragraph

Writing strategy

Summary
of this work



Outlook
of this work

- In conclusion, we have developed an efficient access to highly branched and enantioselective allylic coupling of indoles with *gem*-DFCPs using rhodium catalysis. This reaction is the first example with high enantioselectivity and high branched regioselectivity in the ring opening coupling of *gem*-DFCPs, to afford C2 and C3 fluoroallylated products.
- Further study on the understanding of the stereochemistry and the origin of the branched regioselectivity is currently underway in our laboratory.

Representative Examples

A strategy for the collection of enantioenriched α -mono-fluoroalkenes using *gem*-DFCPs as fluoroallyl **surrogates** has not yet been realized. (代用品, 代理, 替代物)

Taking together, the efficient kinetic resolution process (*via* oxidative addition) and the high stereospecificity of the allylation process with L1 as the bulky ligand account for the observed high enantioselectivity of the reaction. (总的来看, 综合起来; 表意是“所讨论的想法是通过组合多个因素组成的”)

While more investigations are required to understand the origin of the branched selectivity, this observation **underscores** the privileged nucleophilicity of indoles in controlling the regioselectivity (**underscore**, *vt.* 强调, 着重说明; **underscores**, *n.* 下划线, 底线)

***Thanks
for your attention***