

# Concise and Enantioselective Total Synthesis of (-)-Mehranine, (-)-Methylenebismehranine, and Related Aspidosperma Alkaloids

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Checker: Xiang Gao

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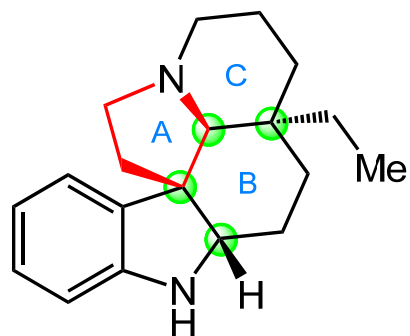
Movassaghi, M. *et al.*  
*Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2014**, 53, 11634.



Movassaghi, M  
From MIT

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- ◆ **Introduction**
  - ◆ **Double-Cyclization Strategy in 2012**
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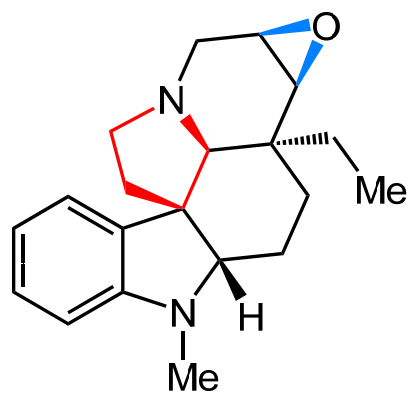
# Introduction



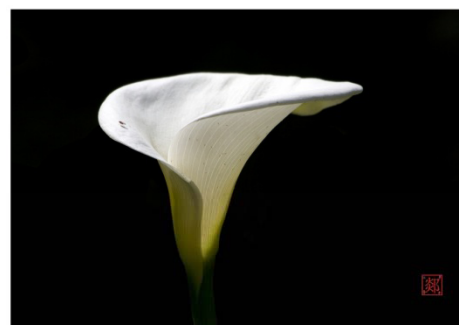
(-)-1



白坚木

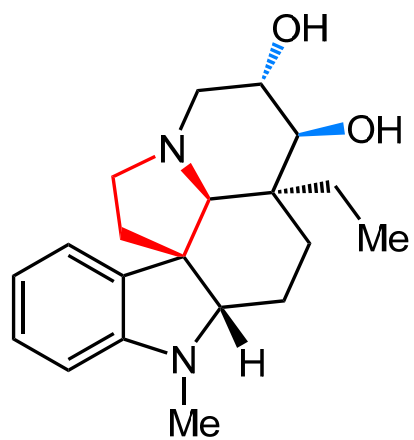


(-)-2

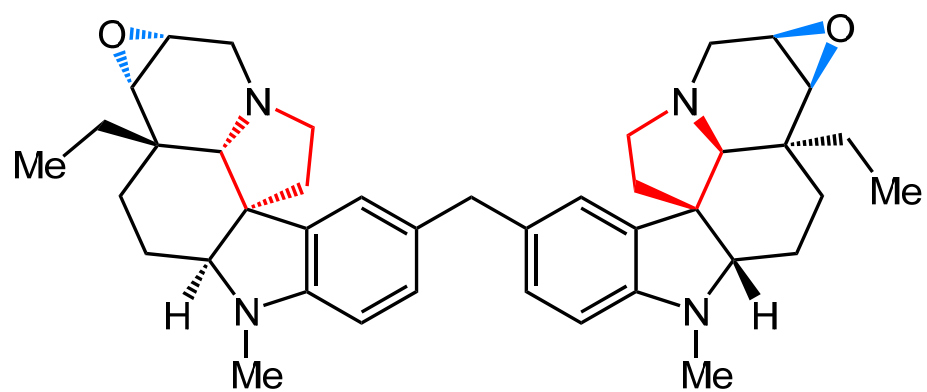


马蹄花

# Introduction



(+)-3



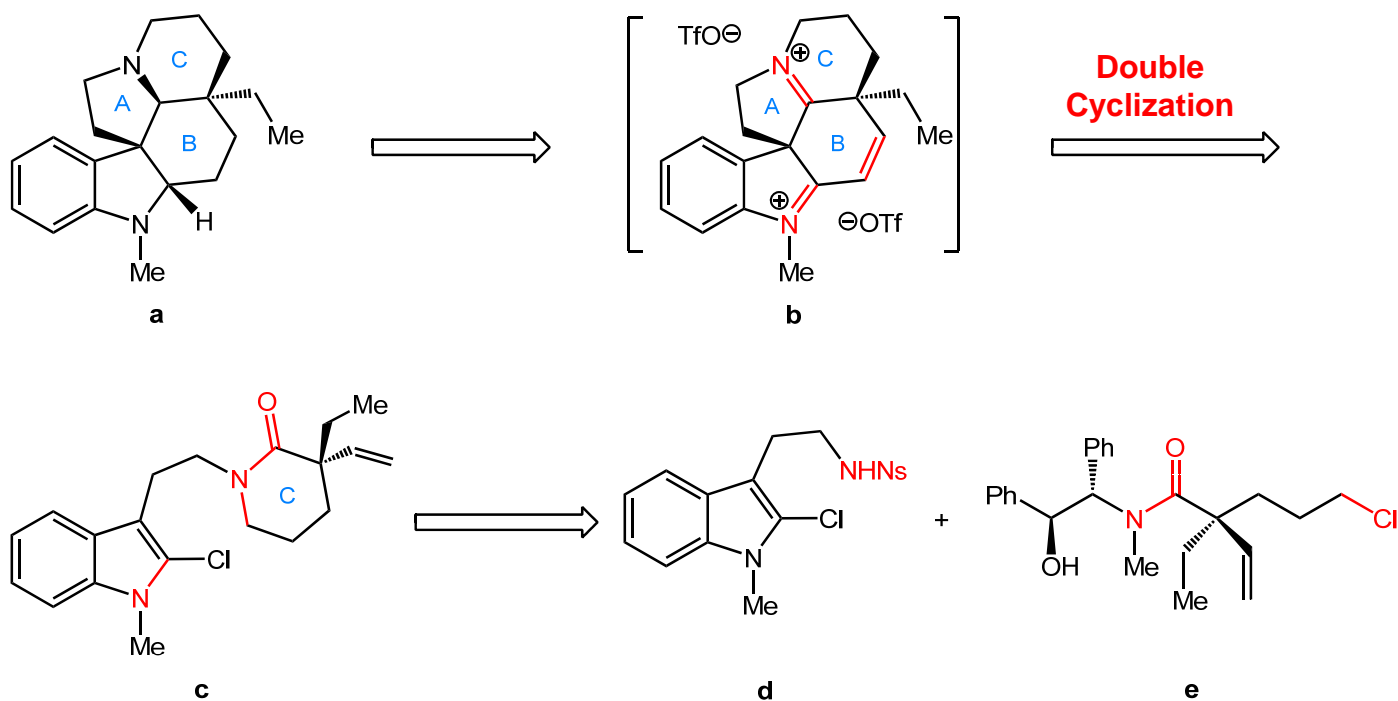
(-)-4



狗牙花

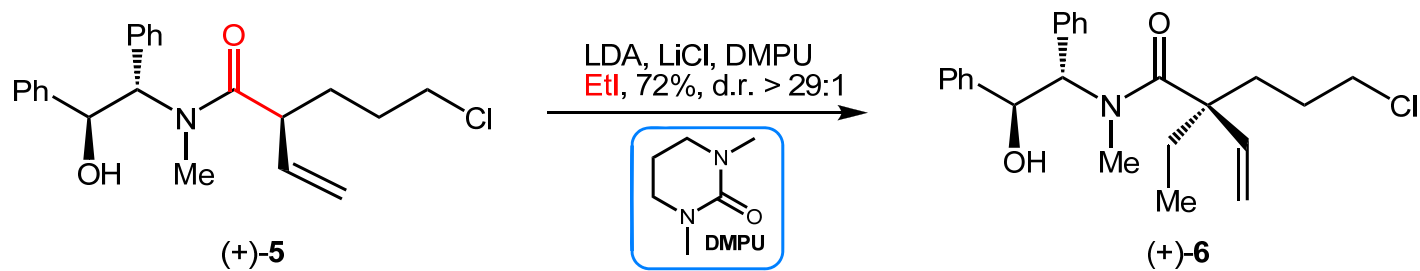
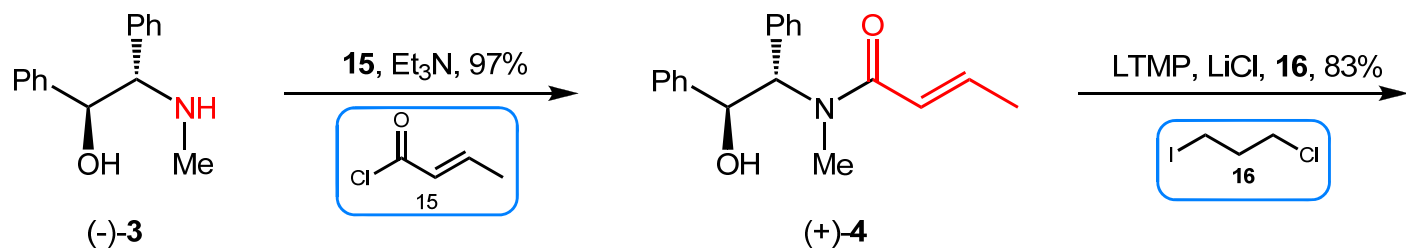
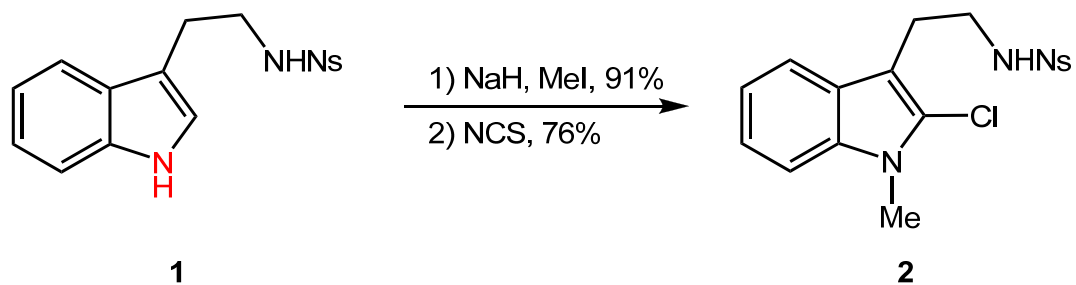
# Double-Cyclization Strategy in 2012

## Retrosynthetic Analysis:

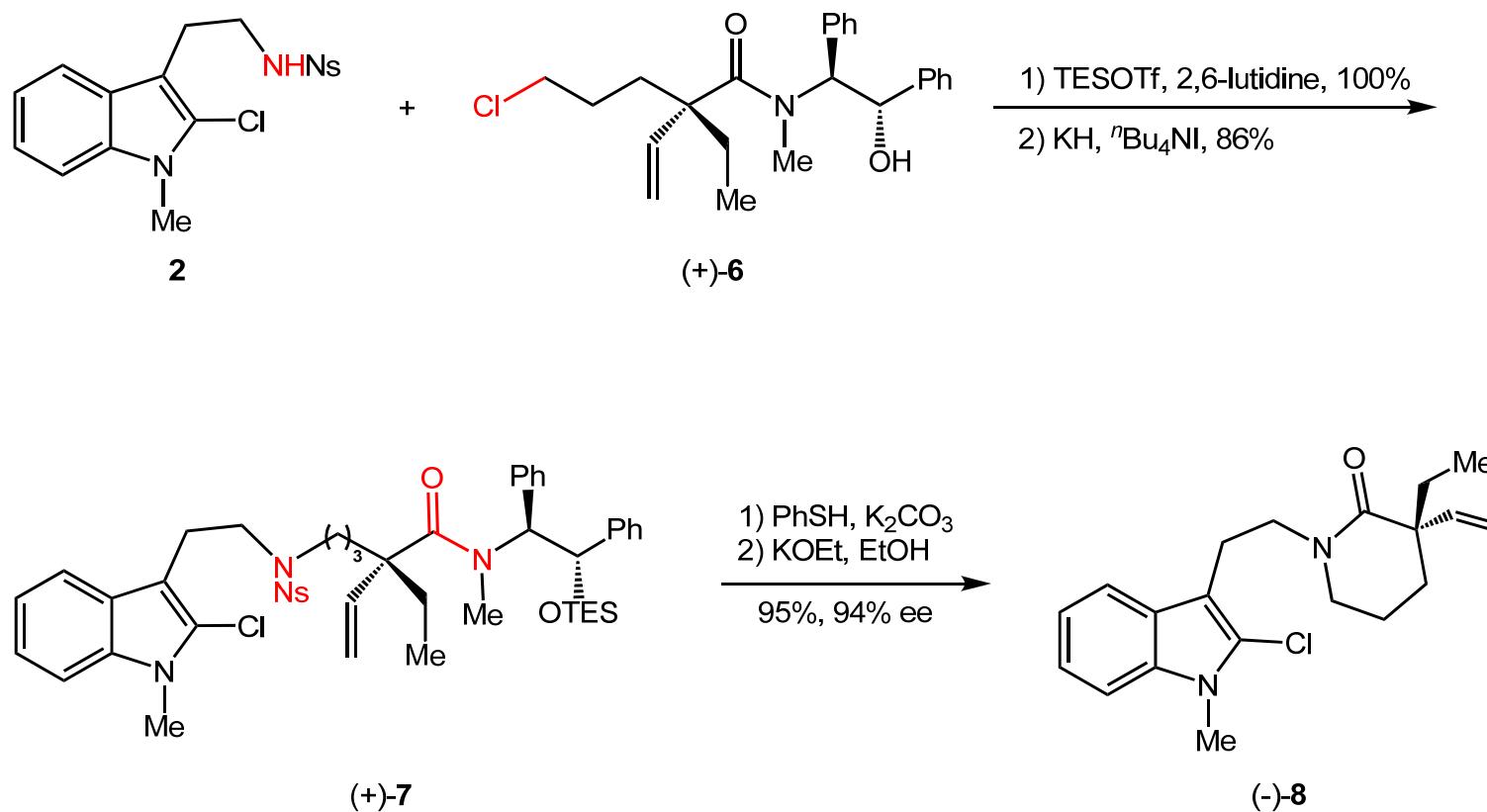


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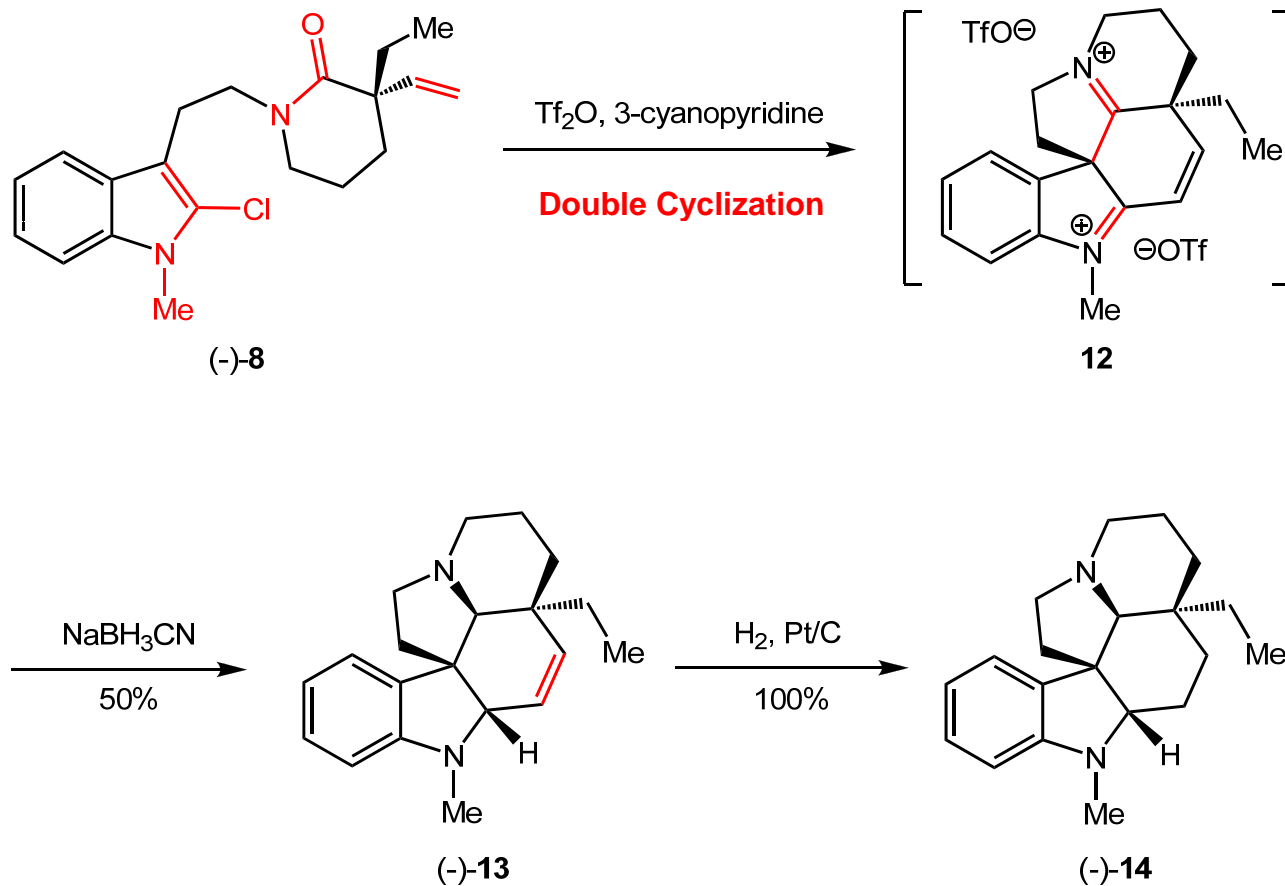
# Synthesis of Tryptamine Lactam



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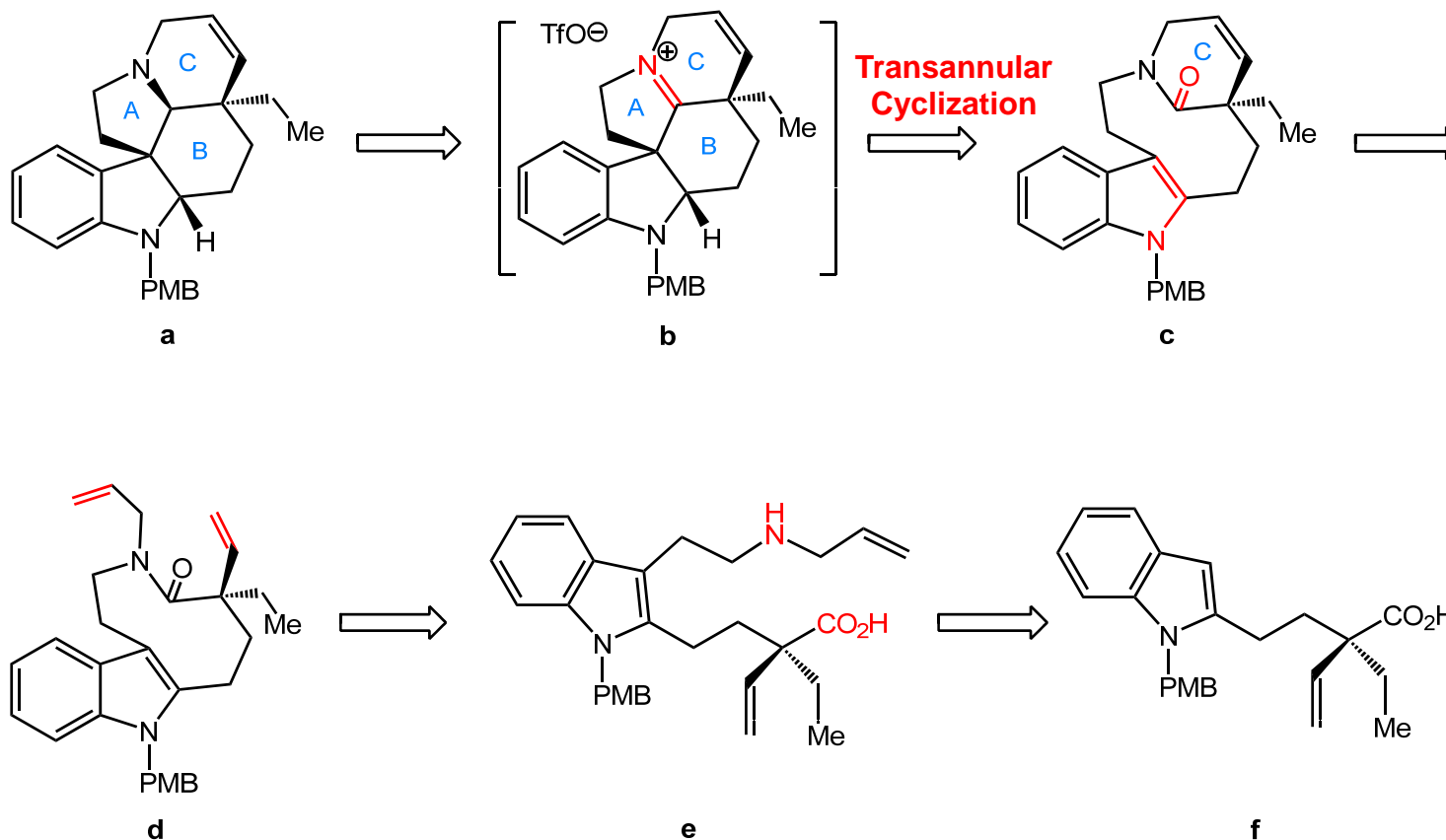
# Synthesis of Aspidosperma Alkaloid





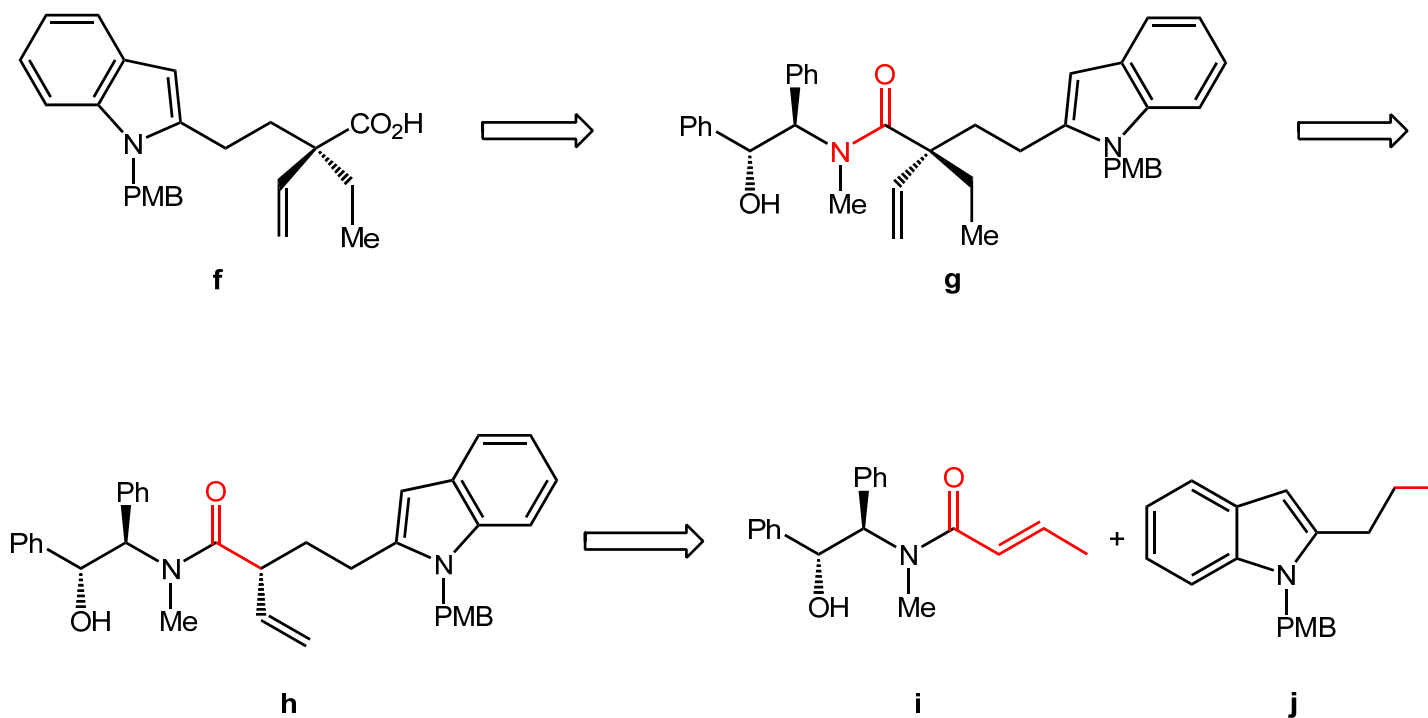
# Transannular-Cyclization Strategy In 2014

## Retrosynthetic Analysis:

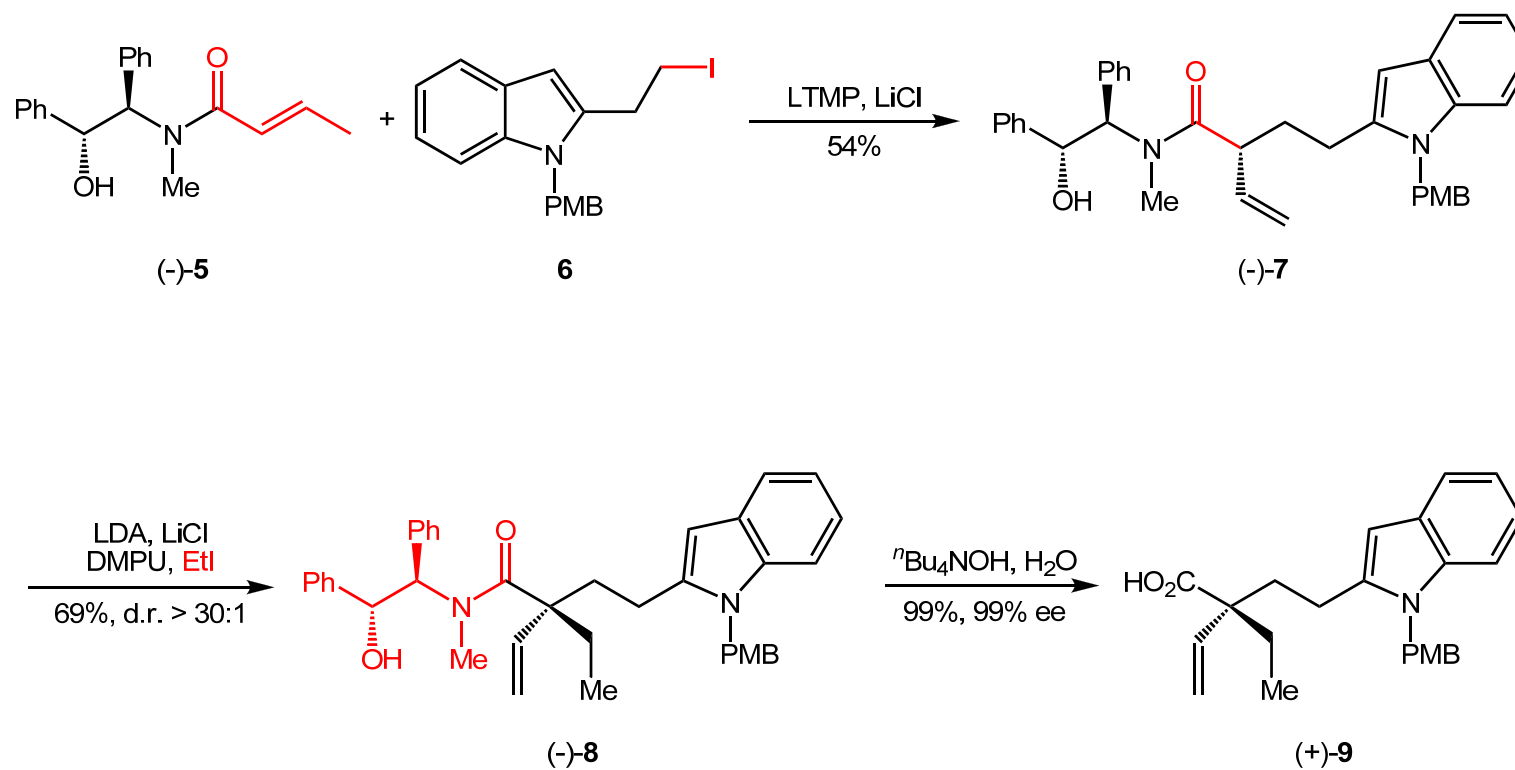


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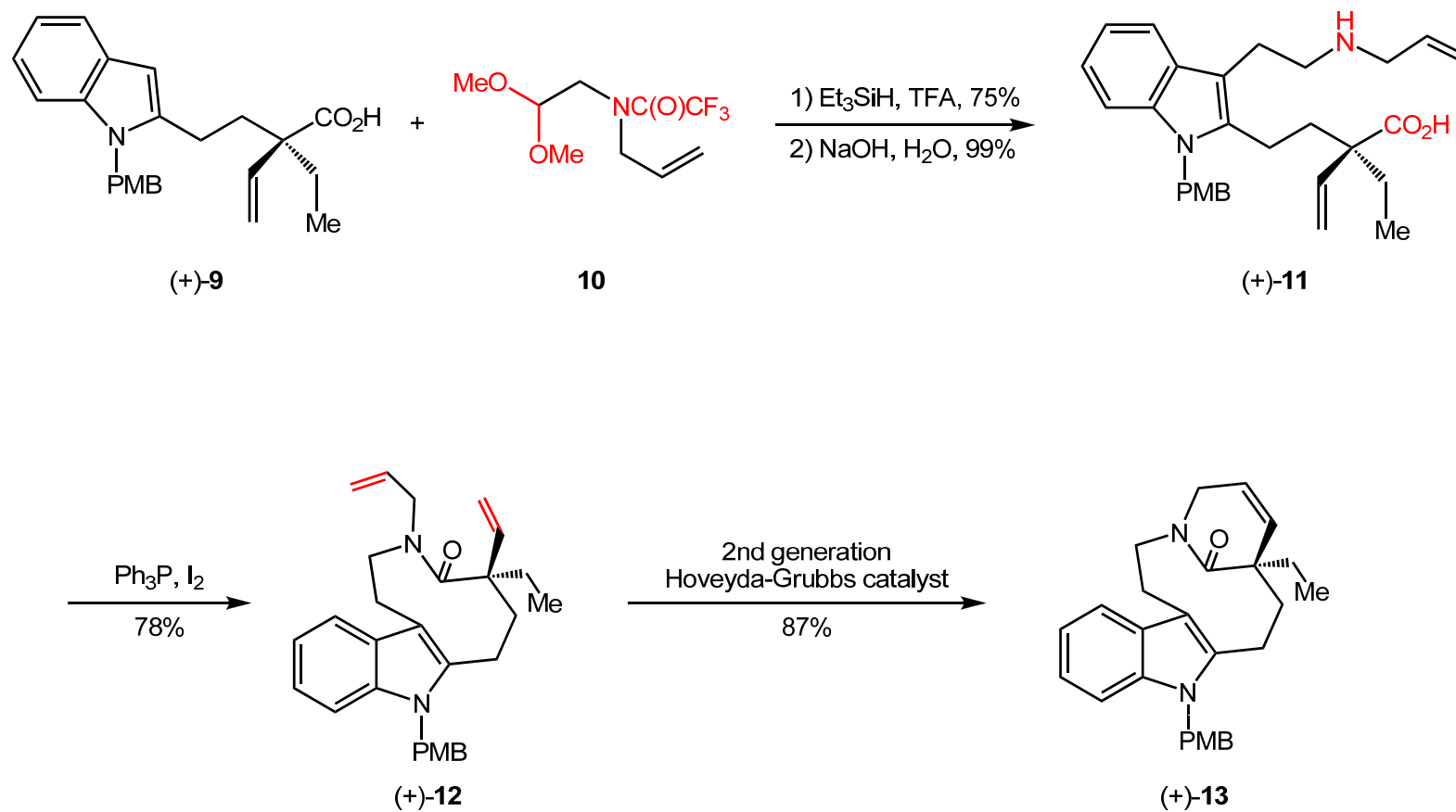
# Transannular-Cyclization Strategy In 2014



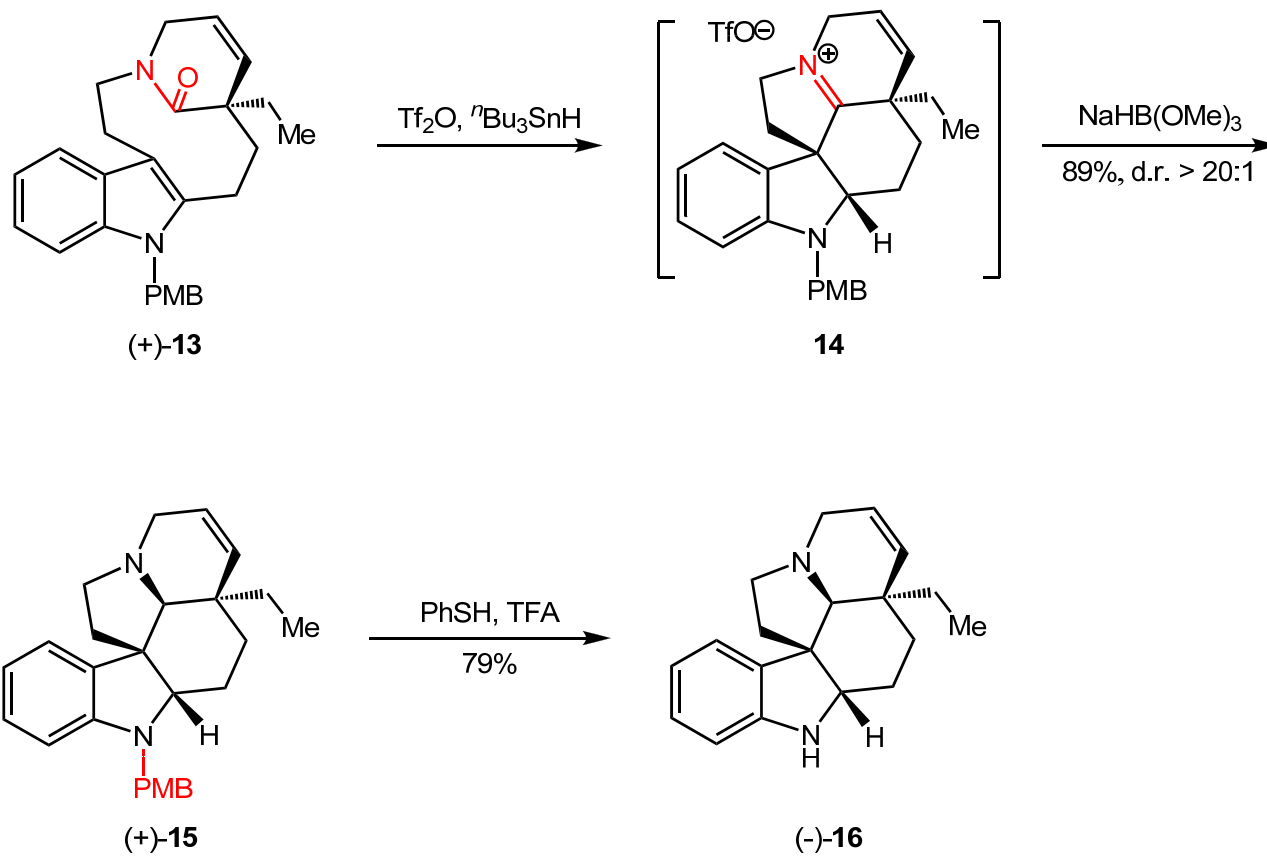
# Synthesis of Cyclization Precursor



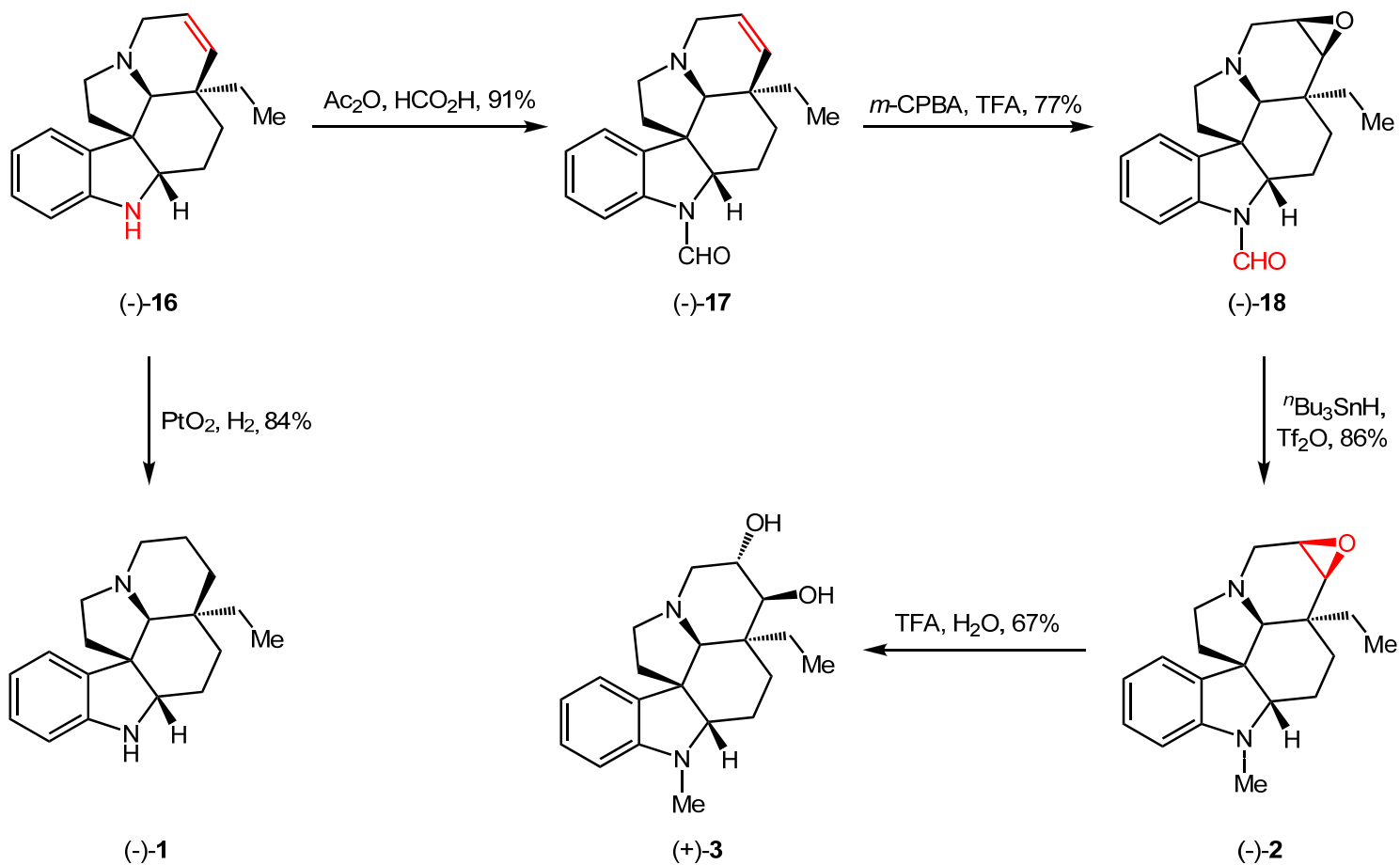
# Synthesis of Cyclization Precursor



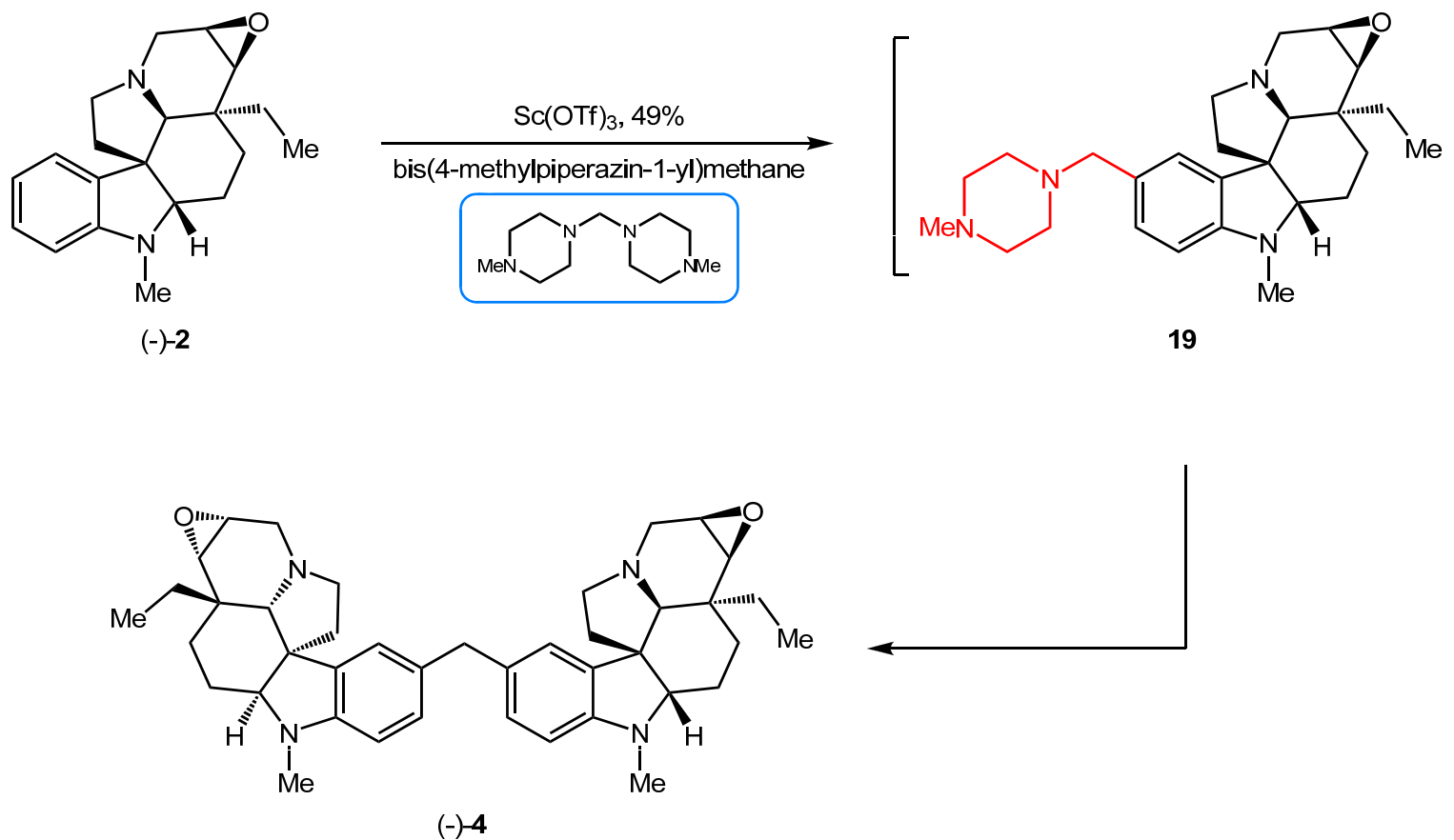
# Synthesis of Aspidosperma Alkaloid



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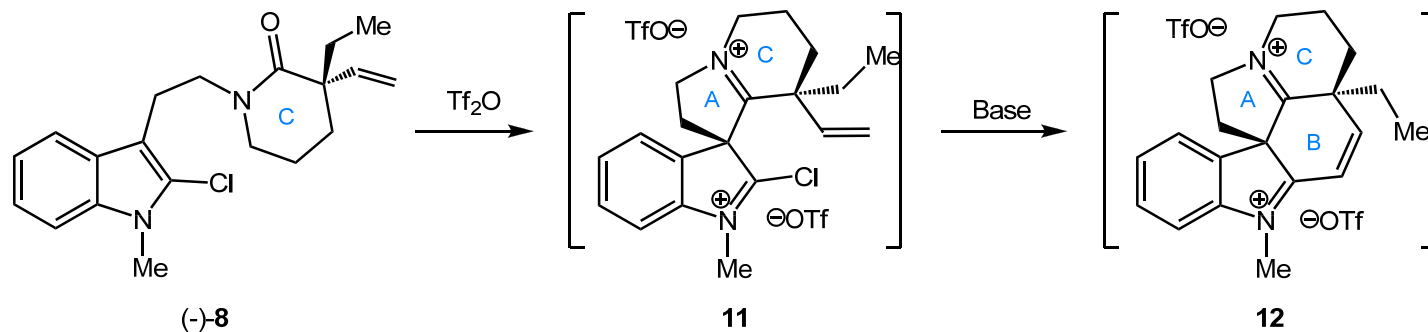


# Synthesis of Aspidosperma Alkaloid



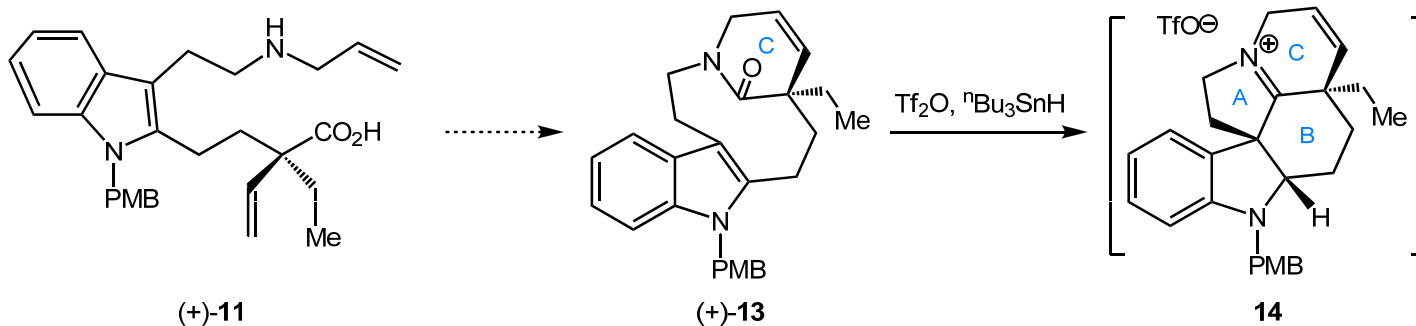
# Summary

## Double-Cyclization Strategy



9 steps linear sequence, 24% yield

## Transannular-Cyclization Strategy



11 steps linear sequence, 11% yield



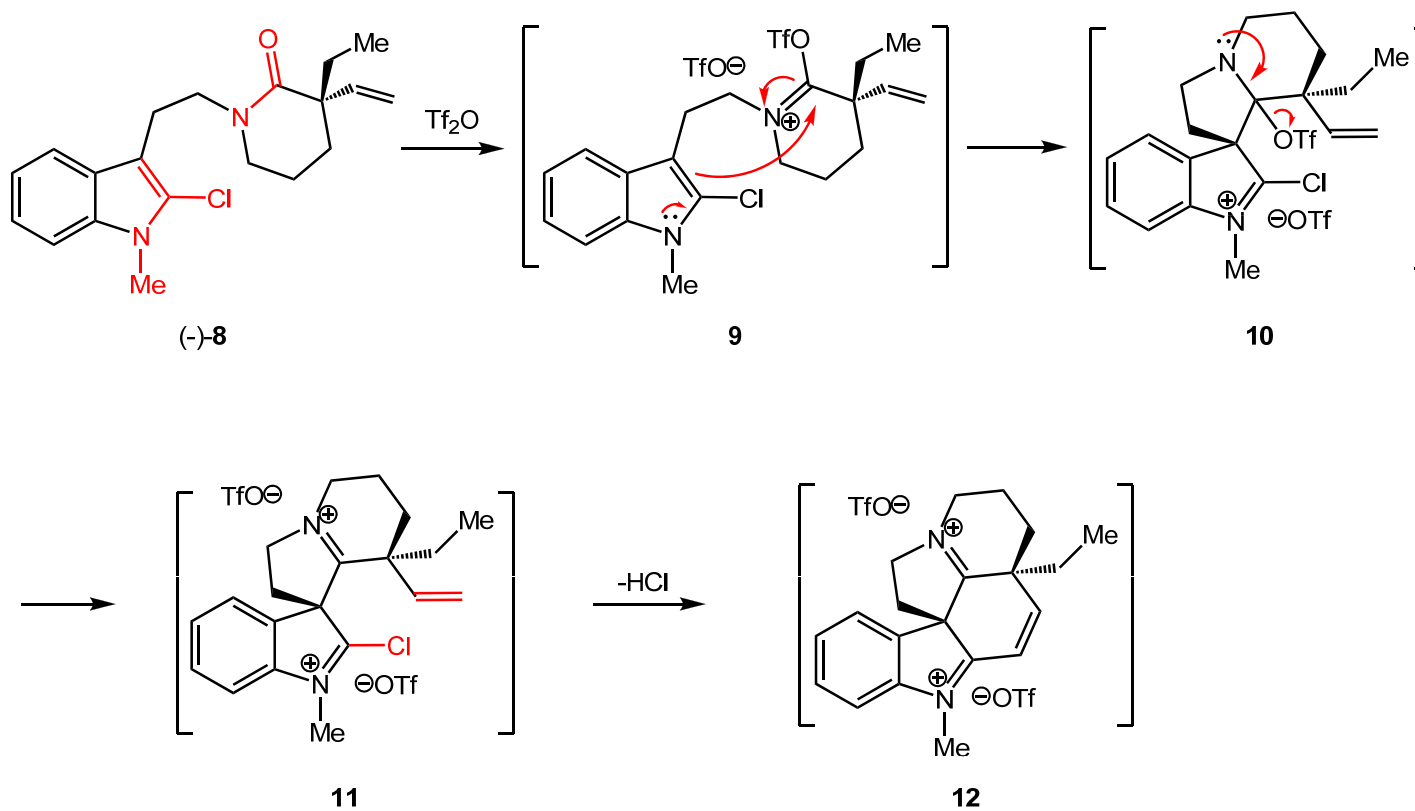
The Aspidosperma alkaloids are a subset of the monoterpene indole alkaloids with great structural diversity in their characteristic pentacyclic skeleton which contains at least four consecutive stereogenic centers. In addition to (-)-aspidospermidine (1), the archetype of this family of natural products with only the unfunctionalized pentacyclic core structure, several members with oxidation at C6 and C7 positions are known. (-)-Mehranine (2) was first isolated from Tabernaemontana divaricata in 1995, but it was also found in Tabernaemontana bovina together with its hydrated congener (+)-(6*S*,7*S*)-dihydroxy-*N*-methylaspidospermidine (3) in 1998. Moreover, the intriguing (-)-mehranine-derived dimers (-)-methylenebismehranine (4) and (+)-tabernaebovine (5) were also isolated from Tabernaemontana bovina; they possess connectivities through a methylene bridge at both C15 atoms and a direct C2–C15' bond between two (-)-mehranine monomers, respectively.

While aspidospermidine (**1**) has served as a classic target for the application of new synthetic methodologies, no total syntheses of the oxidized monomers (-)-**2** and (+)-**3** or the dimers (-)-**4** and (+)-**5** have been reported to date. Herein, we present the first total synthesis of (-)-mehrane (**2**) and (-)-methylenebismehrane (**4**) as well as access to (+)-(6*S*,7*S*)-dihydroxy-*N*-methylasspidospermidine (**3**) and (-)-aspidospermidine (**1**) based on a highly diastereoselective transannular cyclization.

In summary, we have developed a highly enantio- and diastereoselective route to monomeric and dimeric *Aspidosperma* alkaloids with oxidation at the C6 and C7 positions, which allowed for the synthesis of four natural products. The key step is a transannular spirocyclization induced by the electrophilic activation of a nine-membered lactam, which afforded a 6,7-unsaturated pentacycle in high yield and with excellent level of diastereoselection. The resulting versatile intermediate (-)-6,7-didehydroaspidospermidine allowed for the synthesis of (-)-aspidospermidine (**1**) by simple hydrogenation and for the first total synthesis of (-)-mehranine (**2**) through the stereoselective epoxidation of the C6–C7 double bond.

Hydrolysis of the epoxide afforded (+)-(6*S*,7*S*)-dihydroxy-*N*-methyl-aspidospermidine (**3**) and a scandium trifluoromethane-sulfonate-mediated dimerization of (-)-mehrane (**2**) resulted in the first total synthesis of (-)-methylenebismehrane (**4**). While further development of the required new synthetic methodologies described here, including the mild reduction of formamide and advanced-stage dimerization of (-)-mehrane (**2**), for broader application is ongoing, our highly efficient new synthetic strategy outlined above forms the basis of our approach to other members of this family of complex alkaloids.

# Mechanism



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